

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION PRESTON, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

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FINANCIAL

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Webster County Board of Education

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Webster County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Thiff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

October 12, 2020

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Webster County Board of Education's (the System) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Comparative data is provided for fiscal year 2019 and fiscal year 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the System's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the System's financial performance.

In fiscal year 2015, the System adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contribution Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The adoption of these statements had a significant negative impact on the System's government-wide financial statements. The System's fund financial statements were not affected by implementation of GASB No. 68 or GASB No. 71.

In fiscal year 2018, the System adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The adoption of this statement had a significant negative impact on the System's government-wide financial statements. The System's fund financial statements were not affected by implementation of GASB No. 75.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- The total assets and deferred outflows of the System increased by \$1.0 million, which was primarily noted as an increase in cash available.
- Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased for the year by \$0.6 million, primarily due to reduction of general long-term debt and a decrease in liabilities associated with OPEB and pension funds.
- The combination of the increase in total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$1.0 million and the decrease in total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$0.6 million yields an increase in net position of \$1.6 million.
- At June 30, 2019, the System's general fund reported a balance of \$3.4 million, an increase
 of \$1.2 million from the last fiscal year. Of this total, \$3.3 million represents unassigned
 fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the System's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the System's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the System's assets, deferred inflows/outflows, and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the System is improving or deteriorating. It is important to note that this statement consolidates the System's current financial resources (short-term) with capital assets and long-term liabilities.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the System's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes, etc.)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been separated for specific activities or objectives. The System, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the System can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Most of the System's activities are reported in governmental funds focusing on how money flows in and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the System's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The System is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others such as club and class funds and payroll withholding funds. The System is responsible for ensuring assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom assets belong.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the system-wide and fund financial statements.

SYSTEM-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2019, System assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$0.3 million, primarily due to cash on hand and the net investment in capital assets.

Net position of \$4.3 million represents the System's investments in capital assets (e.g. buildings, land, land improvements, equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that remain outstanding. The System uses the capital assets to provide services to our students, faculty, and community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The following table details the major categories of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position with a comparison to the prior fiscal year.

Table 1
Net Position

		Governmental Activities						
	_	Fiscal		Fiscal				
	_	Year 2019	-	Year 2018				
Assets								
Current and Other Assets	\$	4,396,348	\$	3,395,098				
Capital Assets, Net	_	5,551,474		5,609,740				
Total Assets	_	9,947,822	. <u>-</u>	9,004,838				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	989,984		902,026				
Liabilities								
Current and Other Liabilities		459,111		538,962				
Long-Term Liabilities		8,473,353		9,824,201				
Long remi Edomices	_	0,410,000	-	3,024,201				
Total Liabilites	_	8,932,464		10,363,163				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,679,910	. <u>-</u>	807,011				
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,279,282		4,078,483				
Restricted		582,901		709,671				
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(4,536,751)		(6,051,464)				
(_	(, , 0 = /	-	(-//				
Total Net Position	\$ _	325,432	\$	(1,263,310)				

Unrestricted net position may be used to meet ongoing obligations and operations of the System.

An additional portion of the System's total net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Comprising the majority of restricted net position is net position being accumulated to fund debt service payments on general obligation bonds, which represented 51.5% of total restricted net position. Second, net position for capital outlay projects represented 36.4% of total restricted net position. The remaining 12.1% represents funds restricted for ongoing federal programs.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION FROM OPERATING RESULTS

Net position increased \$1.6 million from operating results in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 compared to an increase of \$0.6 million in the prior fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows on the next table:

Table 2
Change in Net Position

		Governental Activities			
	_	Fiscal		Fiscal	
		Year 2019		Year 2018	
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	79,676	\$	90,581	
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,241,799		3,306,728	
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	96,752			
Total Program Revenues	_	3,418,227		3,397,309	
General Revenues					
Taxes					
Property Taxes					
For Maintenance and Operations		2,009,095		1,855,173	
For Debt Services		62,176		59,855	
For Railroad Cars		4,374		-	
Sales Taxes					
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax					
For Capital Projects		-		158,627	
For Debt Services		192,846		26,000	
Intangible Recording Tax		11,644		19,242	
Grants and Contributions not					
Restricted to Specific Programs		22,880		-	
Investment Earnings		9,783		4,052	
Miscellaneous		68,536		36,608	
	_				
Total General Revenues	_	2,381,334		2,159,557	
Total Revenues	_	5,799,561		5,556,866	
Program Expenses					
Instruction		2,607,298		2,991,310	
Support Services					
Pupil Services		112,120		108,797	
Improvement of Instructional Services		35,733		128,800	
Educational Media Services		59,498		110,787	
General Administration		356,409		374,523	
School Administration		220,372		403,011	
Business Administration		78,932		62,167	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		277,253		277,612	
Student Transportation Services		148,607		150,096	
Other Support Services		13,142		11,947	
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					
Food Services		231,801		207,572	
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	69,653		80,603	
Total Expenses	_	4,210,818		4,907,225	
Increase in Net Position	\$	1,588,743	\$	649,641	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SYSTEM'S FUNDS

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The System's budget is prepared in accordance with Georgia law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The System uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting system is designed to tightly control site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. As originally adopted, general fund revenues were projected to be \$4.5 million with appropriated expenditures totaling \$4.4 million, down 20.7% from the fiscal year 2018 final amended budget.

As fiscal year 2019 progressed, the final amended general fund budget increased \$0.3 million for revenues, an increase of 5.6% from the original budget for the year. The reason for the amendment was to adjust federal grants from estimates to actual awarded amounts.

The original budget for fiscal year 2019 included appropriated expenditures of \$4.4 million, which was \$1.1 million less than the 2018 final budget appropriated expenditures of \$5.5 million. The final amended budget was decreased from the original budget due to a reduction in student enrollment.

General Fund Operations

The general fund finished fiscal year 2019 with a fund balance of \$3.4 million, an increase of \$1.2 million or 54.7%, from fiscal year 2018. Actual revenues were above budget projections by \$0.8 million while actual expenditures were \$0.4 million less than budgeted. Several important factors led to the actual results for the year.

Local revenue sources represented 39.4% of total general fund revenues for the year, up from 38.2% in the prior year. Local revenues ended the year above budgeted projections because property tax collections were more than projected by \$0.4 million. The remainder of local revenues consisted of other taxes, interest and miscellaneous items.

At year end, total expenditures were under budget by \$0.4 million. The significant changes occurred in the functions of instruction and school administration due to changes in assignments and responsibilities.

Expenditures for direct classroom instruction (e.g. teacher salaries and benefits, textbooks, software, classroom supplies, etc.) accounted for 62.7% of total general fund expenditures, comparable to the prior fiscal year. Employee benefits saw significant increases in fiscal year 2019. The employer share for Teachers Retirement contribution increased from 16.81% in fiscal year 2018 to 20.90% in fiscal year 2019.

The following table details the major components of revenues and expenditures by function for fiscal year 2019 as well as a comparison of changes compared to the previous fiscal year.

Table 3
General Fund
Revenue and Expenditure Comparison

			Increase (Decrease) over
	Amount	Total	Fiscal Year 2018
Revenues			
State	\$ 2,960,145	53.33%	\$ 110,290
Federal	402,808	7.26%	(57,019)
Local	2,187,740	39.41%	132,833
Total Revenue	\$ 5,550,693	100.00%	\$ 186,104
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>			
Instruction	2,676,323	62.66%	(151,934)
Support Services			
Pupil Services	118,901	2.78%	9,633
Improvement of Instructional Services	42,497	1.00%	(87,396)
Educational Media Services	67,019	1.57%	(44,442)
General Administration	374,454	8.76%	7,149
School Administration	252,480	5.91%	(151,860)
Business Administration	83,137	1.95%	17,721
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	304,905	7.14%	28,129
Student Transportation Services	111,413	2.61%	5,466
Other Support Services	13,142	0.31%	1,195
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Food Services	226,715	5.31%	29,584
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,270,986	100.00%	\$ (336,755)

Capital Projects Fund Operations

The capital projects fund is used to account for school construction and the purchase of large capital assets. Expenditures in 2019 were comparable to capital outlay projects in the previous year. Improvements included security upgrades and the purchase of a bus.

Debt Service Fund Operations

The debt service fund is used to accumulate resources for the retirement of long-term debt represented by the general obligation bonds outstanding. Debt service payments totaling \$0.3 million in principal and interest charges on the 2005 Refunding Bond Series were made during the year. All debt service sinking fund requirements were met at the end of fiscal year 2019.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The System's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019, totaled \$5.6 million, net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles, and equipment used in providing services to our students and community. The changes to System's capital asset accounts came from current year depreciation expense. Note 5 to the basic financial statements provides additional information on the System's capital assets including a detailed breakdown of the types of capital assets included in the computation of depreciation charges. As of June 30, 2019, 37.0% of the cost basis of depreciable assets had been taken as a depreciation charge since the various assets were placed in service.

A summary of capital assets follows:

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities						
	_	Fiscal Fiscal						
	_	Year 2019	Year 2018					
Land	\$	190,636	\$	190,636				
Building and Improvements		5,012,391		5,134,425				
Equipment		264,957		214,474				
Land Improvements	_	83,490		70,205				
	_		_					
Total	\$	5,551,474	\$	5,609,740				

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2019, the System had \$1.32 million in outstanding general obligation bond indebtedness. Additional information on the System's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Table 5
Debt at June 30

		Governmental Activities						
	•	Fiscal	Fiscal					
	_	Year 2019	Year 2018					
	-	<u> </u>						
General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,320,000 \$	1,595,000					

Current Issues

The System is a low income, rural county School District. The majority of students are economically disadvantaged. The student population is 48% African-American, 38% Caucasian, 8% Hispanic and 6% other. The System is located in an area where agriculture is the primary industry. Despite limited financial resources, system and school personnel manage to maximize the funds in order to benefit all students. The System has planned extensively to use its supplemental resources to support class size reduction, recruitment, retention and professional development of highly qualified staff. The System, while small, offers students a variety of instructional programs and extra-curricular opportunities.

The System has faced severe financial challenges in recent years but has remained relatively stable and financially sound. The financial challenges have included rising costs in employee benefits, the continued state formula allotment reductions, and a slow decline in student enrollment (FTE).

The System's current millage rate for the 2018 tax year is 17.467, which is unchanged from 2016. The millage rate includes 16.959 for maintenance and operations and 0.508 for debt service.

In December 2019, a strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) began to spread worldwide, resulting in a severe impact to the United States economy in March 2020. The spread of COVID-19 has had a negative impact on virtually all businesses and individuals which comprise the tax base of all levels of government. The extent of this impact is uncertain but is expected to have negative results on financial operations, however the impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Outlook for the Future

The System enjoys a strong financial position in light of current economic conditions affecting local revenues as well as the effect of state revenue pressures through austerity reductions to the QBE funding formula and new programmatic requirements. While state revenues improved during fiscal year 2019, expectations are that austerity reductions will continue in fiscal year 2020 and beyond at some undetermined level. However, the State's reduction of austerity in 2017 is a positive sign of revenue collections at the state level. Until all funds are restored, the continued relaxation of class size requirements and other waivers by the Georgia Department of Education are providing the flexibility the System needs to offset the shortfall of state funding and the decrease in SPLOST reductions in collections due to the GATE Card and Title Ad Valorem Tax collections. The expectations of decreases due to drop in enrollment continue.

At this time, the objective is to maintain a strong financial condition to better address any further cutbacks in State funding that could have an adverse effect on operations and financial reserves. The System continues to fluctuate in growth but not at the rate experienced in past years. System FTE for the upcoming fiscal year (2020) is 292. In 2019, the count was 298 as compared to 363 in 2018. Therefore, we strive for student enrollment to slightly increase in the foreseeable future with positive programs being added to meet the area workforce and needs of the student and community.

The System recognizes its responsibility to the taxpayers in overseeing the spending of Federal, state and local funds. The System is striving to maintain sound fiscal management while emphasizing student achievement. The System is committed to creating, building and sustaining a culturally and economically sensitive environment that provides equal access to a high standard of educational success for all students.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the System's finances and to show the System's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Janie Downer, Superintendent, or Lesley Hill, Finance Director Webster County Board of Education 7307 Washington Street Preston, Georgia



WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,989,080.01
Receivables, Net	
Taxes	85,781.98
State Government	265,914.00
Federal Government	48,324.08
Inventories	3,259.45
Prepaid Items	3,988.04
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	190,635.71
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	5,360,838.76
Total Assets	9,947,822.03
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge on Debt Refunding	47,807.63
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	817,402.00
Related to OPEB Plan	124,775.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	989,984.63
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	10,418.56
Salaries and Benefits Payable	410,005.92
Interest Payable	22,000.00
Deposits and Unearned Revenues	16,686.75
Net Pension Liability	4,087,012.00
Net OPEB Liability	3,066,341.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	295,000.00
Due in More Than One Year	1,025,000.00
Total Liabilities	8,932,464.23
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	445,547.00
Related to OPEB Plan	1,234,363.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,679,910.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,279,282.10
Restricted for	
Continuation of Federal Programs	70,394.08
Debt Service	300,427.02
Capital Projects	212,080.42
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(4,536,751.19)
Total Net Position	\$ 325,432.43

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	EXPENSES	_	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
Instruction	\$ 2,607,297.52	\$	76,164.42
Support Services			
Pupil Services	112,119.76		-
Improvement of Instructional Services	35,733.47		-
Educational Media Services	59,497.69		-
General Administration	356,409.36		-
School Administration	220,372.43		-
Business Administration	78,931.72		-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	277,253.54		-
Student Transportation Services	148,607.13		-
Other Support Services	13,142.00		-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Food Services	231,800.98		3,512.00
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	69,652.59	_	<u> </u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,210,818.19	\$	79,676.42

General Revenues

Taxes

Property Taxes

For Maintenance and Operations

For Debt Services

Railroad Cars

Sales Taxes

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax

For Debt Services

Other Sales Tax

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

325,432.43

	PROGRAM REVENUES	;			NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING		CAPITAL	•	REVENUES
	GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND		AND CHANGES IN
	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
_					
\$	2,217,218.18	\$	14,423.82	\$	(299,491.10)
	60,638.03		-		(51,481.73)
	47,810.55		-		12,077.08
	42,590.00		-		(16,907.69)
	323,756.00		125.38		(32,527.98)
	215,837.00		-		(4,535.43)
	792.97		-		(78,138.75)
	74,088.10		-		(203,165.44)
	62,995.05		81,226.01		(4,386.07)
	· -		-		(13,142.00)
	196,073.12		976.79		(31,239.07)
	100,010.12		510.15		(69,652.59)
_					(03,032.33)
\$_	3,241,799.00	\$	96,752.00		(792,590.77)
					2,009,094.55 62,176.19 4,373.77
					11,644.02
					22,880.00
					9,783.37
					68,535.80
					2,381,333.61
					1,588,742.84
				-	(1,263,310.41)

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	GENERAL FUND	 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net	\$	3,475,706.39	\$ 306,270.99	\$	207,102.63	\$	3,989,080.01
Taxes		64,648.16	18,213.56		2,920.26		85,781.98
State Government		265,914.00	-		-		265,914.00
Federal Government		48,324.08	-		-		48,324.08
Inventories		3,259.45	-		-		3,259.45
Prepaid Items	_	3,988.04	 	_	-	_	3,988.04
Total Assets	\$	3,861,840.12	\$ 324,484.55	\$_	210,022.89	\$_	4,396,347.56
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts Payable	\$	10,418.56	\$ -	\$	-	\$	10,418.56
Salaries and Benefits Payable		410,005.92	-		-		410,005.92
Deposits and Unearned Revenue	_	16,686.75	 	_	-	-	16,686.75
Total Liabilities	_	437,111.23	 -	_	-	. <u>-</u>	437,111.23
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	23,112.41	 	_	1,027.02	_	24,139.43
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		7,247.49	-		-		7,247.49
Restricted		67,134.63	324,484.55		208,995.87		600,615.05
Assigned		66,667.28	-		-		66,667.28
Unassigned	_	3,260,567.08	 -	_	-	_	3,260,567.08
Total Fund Balances	_	3,401,616.48	 324,484.55	_	208,995.87	-	3,935,096.90
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$_	3,861,840.12	\$ 324,484.55	\$_	210,022.89	\$_	4,396,347.56

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C") 3,935,096.90 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 190,635.71 Land Buildings and improvements 7.020.910.42 Equipment 1,363,529.60 Land improvements 131,289.16 Accumulated depreciation (3,154,890.42) 5,551,474.47 Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability (4,087,012.00) Net OPEB liability (3,066,341.00) (7,153,353.00) Deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future periods and are therefore not reported in the funds and are amortized over the life of the new debt. 47,807.63 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Related to pensions 371,855.00 (1,109,588.00)Related to OPEB (737,733.00)Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. 24,139.43 Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable (1,320,000.00)(1,342,000.00) Accrued interest payable (22,000.00)

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")

325,432.43

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	GENERAL FUND	 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	 DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES					
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$	2,023,135.60 8,264.85 2,960,144.50 402,808.50 79,676.42 8,127.01 68,535.80	\$ - - - - 1,431.70	\$ 64,563.42 \$ 196,225.08 224.66	2,087,699.02 204,489.93 2,960,144.50 402,808.50 79,676.42 9,783.37 68,535.80
Total Revenues	_	5,550,692.68	 1,431.70	 261,013.16	5,813,137.54
EXPENDITURES					
Current Instruction		2,676,323.19	3,988.04	-	2,680,311.23
Support Services Pupil Services Improvement of Instructional Services Educational Media Services General Administration School Administration Business Administration Maintenance and Operation of Plant Student Transportation Services Other Support Services		118,900.89 42,496.91 67,019.44 374,453.67 252,480.11 83,136.72 304,905.64 111,412.68 13,142.00 226,714.96	- - - - - - -	-	118,900.89 42,496.91 67,019.44 374,453.67 252,480.11 83,136.72 304,905.64 111,412.68 13,142.00 226,714.96
Food Services Operation Capital Outlay Debt Services Principal Interest	_		 116,292.00 - -	 - 275,000.00 58,300.00	116,292.00 275,000.00 58,300.00
Total Expenditures	-	4,270,986.21	 120,280.04	 333,300.00	4,724,566.25
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	1,279,706.47	 (118,848.34)	 (72,286.84)	1,088,571.29
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In Transfers Out	_	(77,220.00)	 77,220.00 (114,054.09)	 114,054.09	191,274.09 (191,274.09)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(77,220.00)	 (36,834.09)	 114,054.09	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,202,486.47	(155,682.43)	41,767.25	1,088,571.29
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	2,199,130.01	 480,166.98	 167,228.62	2,846,525.61
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	3,401,616.48	\$ 324,484.55	\$ 208,995.87 \$	3,935,096.90

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")

\$ 1,088,571.29

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	\$ 140,224.00	
Depreciation expense	 (198,489.35)	(58,265.35)

Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(12,054.51)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding of bonds	\$	(15,935.92)	
Bond principal retirements	_	275,000.00	259,064.08

District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.

Pension expense	\$ 194,703.00	
OPEB expense	112,141.00	306,844.00

Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on issuance of bonds 4,583.33

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B") \$ 1,588,742.84

	_	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	21,730.20
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Funds Held for Others	\$	21,730.20

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Webster County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related
 to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital
 assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (property and sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2019, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statement.

In fiscal year 2019, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The School District included additional information in the Long-Term Liabilities note disclosure.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Policy	Useful Life
Land	\$ 5,000.00	N/A
Land Improvements	\$ 10,000.00	Up to 60 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 5,000.00	Up to 60 years
Equipment	\$ 5,000.00	5 to 20 years
Intangible Assets	\$ 200,000.00	Useful life

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been

determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Webster County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2018 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 14, 2018 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2018. Taxes were due on December 20, 2018 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2018 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2019. The Webster County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and

remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$1,924,888.79 and for school bonds amounted to \$49,391.12.

Tax millage rates levied for the 2018 tax year (calendar year) for the School District were as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 16.959 mills
School Bonds 0.508 mills

17.467 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$109,045.34 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$192,845.91 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except for the funds listed on the schedule, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2019, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$4,010,810.21, and a bank balance of \$4,087,282.22. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$250,000.00 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name were \$3,837,282.22.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances					Balances
	_	July 1, 2018		Increases	 Decreases		June 30, 2019
Covernmental Activities							
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$_	190,635.71	\$.	-	\$ -	\$_	190,635.71
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements		7,012,001.42		8,909.00	-		7,020,910.42
Equipment		1,251,746.60		111,783.00	-		1,363,529.60
Land Improvements		111,757.16		19,532.00	-		131,289.16
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements		1,877,576.67		130,942.83	-		2,008,519.50
Equipment		1,037,272.66		61,299.16	-		1,098,571.82
Land Improvements	_	41,551.74		6,247.36	 -		47,799.10
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	-	5,419,104.11		(58,265.35)	 -		5,360,838.76
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$_	5,609,739.82	\$	(58,265.35)	\$ _	\$	5,551,474.47

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction			\$	146,578.64
Support Services				
General Administration	\$	1,274.19		
Student Transportation Services		40,710.14		41,984.33
Food Services	_	_	_	9,926.38
			\$	198,489.35

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	 Transfers From					
	 General		Capital Projects			
Transfers to	 Fund		Fund			
-		_	-			
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 77,220.00	\$	-			
Debt Service Fund	 	_	114,054.09			
Total	\$ 77,220.00	\$	114,054.09			

Transfers are used to move (1) state revenues collected by the general fund to the capital projects fund as supplemental funding source for the purchase of a bus and (2) ESPLOST revenues collected by the capital projects fund to the debt service fund to cover debt service requirements.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	_	Balance						Balance		Due Within One
	_	July 1, 2018		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2019		Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds	\$_	1,595,000.00	\$	-	\$	275,000.00	\$	1,320,000.00	\$	295,000.00

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2019. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds of the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from the general fund or for a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

The School District's bonded debt consists of an issue of general obligation bonds that is generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes and sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest				Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
General Government - Refunding - Series 2005	4.00%	4/14/2005	8/1/2022	3,360,000.00	1,320,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	General Obligation Debt					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	295,000.00	\$	46,900.00		
2021		320,000.00		34,600.00		
2022		340,000.00		21,400.00		
2023		365,000.00		7,300.00		
	_					
Total Principal and Interest	\$	1,320,000.00	\$	110,200.00		

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

Commercial Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceed commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its Workers' Compensation insurance coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Fund with the Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential

losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to \$2.0 million. In addition to the \$550,000.00 per occurrence retention, the Fund also retains an additional \$200,000.00 per year corridor retention.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District elects to pay unemployment insurance taxes using the contributory method. Taxes are paid quarterly to the Georgia Department of Labor using a set rate based on historical experience.

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 100,000.00

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2019:

Nonspendable			
Inventories	\$ 3,259.45		
Prepaid Assets	3,988.04	\$	7,247.49
Restricted			
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 67,134.63		
Capital Projects	212,080.42		
Debt Service	321,400.00		600,615.05
Assigned			
School Activity Accounts			66,667.28
Unassigned			3,260,567.08
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019		\$_	3,935,096.90

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 10: BROADBAND SPECTRUM LEASE

Effective March 12, 2007, the School District entered into a 10-year lease agreement with Utopian Wireless Corporation, that was renewed for an additional ten years, for the lease of excess spectrum capacity on Education Broadband Service licenses currently held by School District. These licenses were granted to the School District by the Federal Communications Commission. The lease agreement requires monthly lease payments over the term of the lease, of which \$7,200.00 was recognized during fiscal year 2019 as a general revenue on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

OPERATING LEASES

The School District leases copiers under the provisions of one or more long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases totaled \$16,359.50 for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2019:

Year Ending	 Governmental Funds
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 10,860.10 11,310.00 11,310.00 11,310.00
Total	\$ 44,790.10

NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

NOTE 13: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$120,626.00 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$3,066,341.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.024126% which was a decrease of 0.004133% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$8,485.00. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB				
	_	Deferred	Deferred			
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
	_	Resources	_	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	69,747.00		
Changes of assumptions		-		519,452.00		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		4,149.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		645,164.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	120,626.00		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$_	124,775.00	\$	1,234,363.00		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	OPEB
	_	
2020	\$	(234,721.00)
2021	\$	(234,721.00)
2022	\$	(234,721.00)
2023	\$	(234,969.00)
2024	\$	(204,191.00)
2025	\$	(86.891.00)

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.75%					
Salary increases	3.25% – 9.00%, including inflation					
Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of					
Healthcare cost trend rate	investment expense, and including inflation					
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.50%					
Medicare Eligible	5.50%					
Ultimate trend rate						
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%					
Medicare Eligible	4.75%					
Year of Ultimate trend rate						
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2028					
Medicare Eligible	2022					

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each

major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. During fiscal year 2018, the School OPEB fund updated their investment strategy to a more long-term approach. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic Stocks Large Cap	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic Stocks Mid Cap	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic Stocks Small Cap	1.40%	13.50%
Int'l Stocks - Developed Mkt	17.80%	8.00%
Int'l Stocks - Emerging Mkt	5.20%	12.00%
Alternatives	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Net of Inflation

Discount Rate: The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.58% to 3.87%. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.87% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.87% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2018. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.87% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease	Curre	ent Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	-	(2.87%)		(3.87%)	_	(4.87%)	
School District's proportionate							
share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,580,525.00	\$	3,066,341.00	\$	2,651,705.00	

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease	1% Increase					
School District's proportionate							
share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,577,897.00	0 \$ 3,066,341.00	\$ 3,690,553.00				

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

NOTE 14: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2019. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 20.90% of annual School District payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$472,914.00 from the School District.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs/formspubs.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.00, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$4,662.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$4,087,012.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.022018% which was a decrease of 0.000897% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2019, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$13,563.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$277,464.00 for TRS and \$3,140.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$3,140.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia.

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	TRS			
	_	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	270,566.00	\$	8,423.00
Changes of assumptions		61,672.00		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		111,747.00
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		12,250.00		325,377.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	472,914.00	-	<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	817,402.00	\$	445,547.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	TRS
2020	\$	89,872.00
2021	\$	29,106.00
2022	\$	(183,452.00)
2023	\$	(37,337.00)
2024	\$	752.00

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% – 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic large stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
International developed market stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
International emerging market stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
Alternative	-	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.50%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

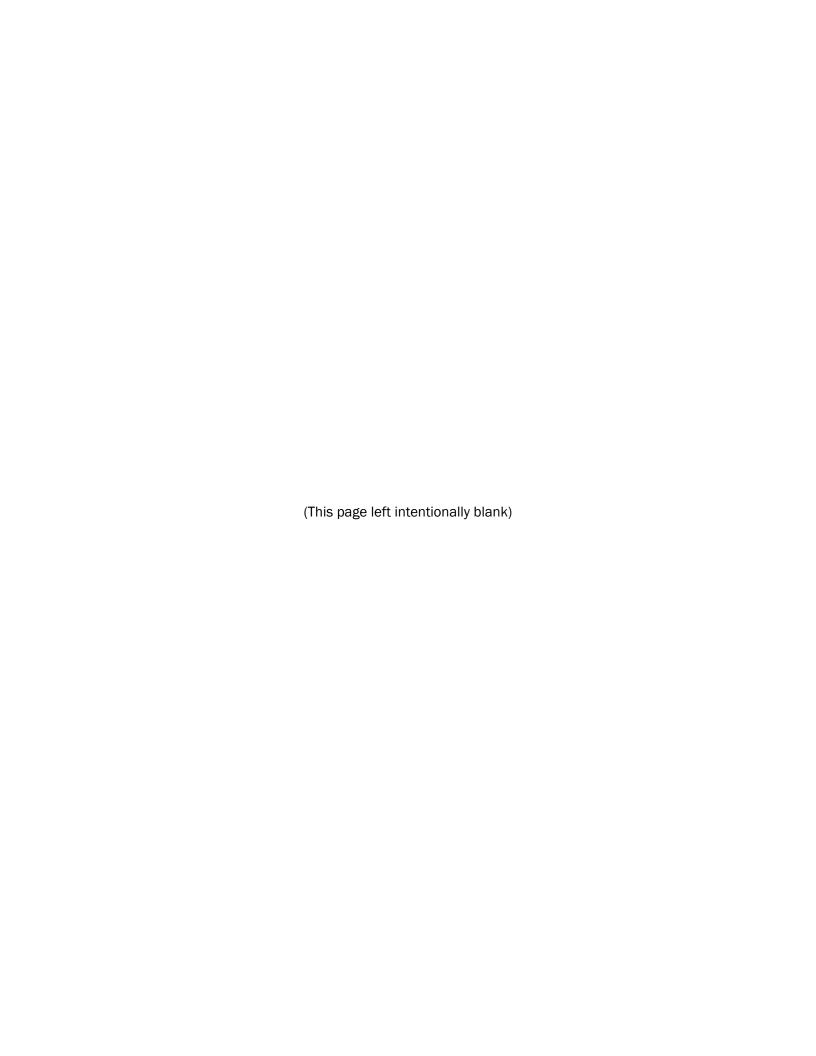
Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	<u>-</u>	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Cu	rrent Discount Rate (7.50%)	 1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability	\$	6,822,394.00	\$	4,087,012.00	\$ 1,832,919.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs.html.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In December 2019, a strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) began to spread worldwide, resulting in a severe impact to the United States economy in March 2020. The spread of COVID-19 has had a negative impact on virtually all businesses and individuals which comprise the tax base of all levels of government. The extent of this impact is uncertain but is expected to have negative results on financial operations, however the impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.



WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	propo	School District's ortionate share of the et pension liability	Scho	ol District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2019	0.022018%	\$	4,087,012.00	\$	2,626,961.64	155.58%	80.27%
2018	0.022915%	\$	4,258,823.00	\$	2,631,152.72	161.86%	79.33%
2017	0.024233%	\$	4,999,538.00	\$	2,658,063.27	188.09%	76.06%
2016	0.024059%	\$	3,662,744.00	\$	2,539,548.49	144.23%	81.44%
2015	0.025179%	\$	3,181,035.00	\$	2,568,752.17	123.84%	84.03%

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	propo	hool District's rtionate share of t pension liability	propo the ne	ate of Georgia's ortionate share of et pension liability ociated with the chool District	Total	School District's covered payroll		School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2019	0.00%	\$	_	\$	13,563.00	\$ 13,563.00	\$	42,853.58	N/A	85.26%	
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	16,338.00	\$ 16,338.00	\$	52,923.31	N/A	85.69%	
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	32,442.00	\$ 32,442.00	\$	91,583.14	N/A	81.00%	
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	27,742.00	\$ 27,742.00	\$	120,701.44	N/A	87.00%	
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	29,953.00	\$ 29,953.00	\$	122,376.32	N/A	88.29%	

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	prop	School District's portionate share of net OPEB liability	prop the ass	ate of Georgia's ortionate share of net OPEB liability sociated with the School District	 Total	school District's vered-employee payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2019 2018	0.024126% 0.028259%	\$	3,066,341.00 3,970,378.00	\$	-	\$ 3,066,341.00 3,970,378.00	\$ 2,337,232.56 2,344,292.22	131.20% 169.36%	2.93% 1.61%

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Contractually required Year Ended contribution		 utions in relation to the ally required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)			chool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2019	\$	472,914.00	\$ 472,914.00	\$	-	\$	2,262,746.51	20.90%
2018	\$	441,592.00	\$ 441,592.00	\$	-	\$	2,626,961.64	16.81%
2017	\$	375,465.00	\$ 375,465.00	\$	-	\$	2,631,152.72	14.27%
2016	\$	379,306.00	\$ 379,306.00	\$	-	\$	2,658,063.27	14.27%
2015	\$	333,950.60	\$ 333,950.60	\$	-	\$	2,539,548.49	13.15%
2014	\$	315,442.78	\$ 315,442.78	\$	-	\$	2,568,752.17	12.28%
2013	\$	302,624.16	\$ 302,624.16	\$	-	\$	2,652,271.38	11.41%
2012	\$	278,528.48	\$ 278,528.48	\$	-	\$	2,709,422.79	10.28%
2011	\$	282,294.09	\$ 282,294.09	\$	-	\$	2,746,051.46	10.28%
2010	\$	264,636.12	\$ 264,636.12	\$	-	\$	2,717,003.29	9.74%

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Con	tractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		 ontribution deficiency (excess)	ol District's covered- mployee payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2019	\$	120,626.00	\$	120,626.00	\$	\$ 2,079,593.89	5.80%	
2018	\$	125,045.00	\$	125,045.00	\$ -	\$ 2,337,232.56	5.35%	

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP 2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions: June 30, 2017 valuation: the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was revised, for various factors, including the methodology used to determine how employees and retirees were assigned to each of the OPEB Funds and anticipated participation percentages. Current and former employees of State organizations (including technical colleges, community service boards and public health departments) are now assigned to the State OPEB fund based on their last employer payroll location: irrespective of retirement affiliation.

The discount rate was updated from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018.

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		NONAPPROPRIATED	BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	1,654,348.00 \$	1,654,348.00 \$	2,023,135.60 \$	368,787.60
Sales Taxes		-	-	8,264.85	8,264.85
State Funds		2,828,392.00	2,831,192.00	2,960,144.50	128,952.50
Federal Funds		40.000.00	249,726.00	402,808.50	153,082.50
Charges for Services		48,800.00	48,800.00	79,676.42	30,876.42
Investment Earnings		1,200.00	1,200.00	8,127.01	6,927.01
Miscellaneous	_	- -	- .	68,535.80	68,535.80
Total Revenues	_	4,532,740.00	4,785,266.00	5,550,692.68	765,426.68
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current					
Instruction		2,733,007.00	2,906,963.00	2,676,323.19	230,639.81
Support Services					
Pupil Services		110,500.00	159,233.00	118,900.89	40,332.11
Improvement of Instructional Services		=	44,069.00	42,496.91	1,572.09
Educational Media Services		107,700.00	107,700.00	67,019.44	40,680.56
General Administration		400,000.00	400,000.00	374,453.67	25,546.33
School Administration		395,959.00	395,959.00	252,480.11	143,478.89
Business Administration		85,040.00	85,040.00	83,136.72	1,903.28
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		350,000.00	350,000.00	304,905.64	45,094.36
Student Transportation Services		163,400.00	163,400.00	111,412.68	51,987.32
Other Support Services		14,000.00	14,000.00	13,142.00	858.00
Food Services Operation	_		- .	226,714.96	(226,714.96)
Total Expenditures	_	4,359,606.00	4,626,364.00	4,270,986.21	355,377.79
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		173,134.00	158,902.00	1,279,706.47	1,120,804.47
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Other Uses	_	- -	<u> </u>	(77,220.00)	(77,220.00)
Net Change in Fund Balances		173,134.00	158,902.00	1,202,486.47	1,043,584.47
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,505,052.61	2,504,282.61	2,199,130.01	(305,152.60)
Adjustments		(25,408.66)	71,076.43	<u>-</u> -	(71,076.43)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,652,777.95 \$	2,734,261.04 \$	3,401,616.48 \$	667,355.44

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the funds below. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various funds omitted from the budget are as follows:

	Revenues	_	Expenditures
School Activity Accounts	\$ 58,116.75	\$	58,785.80
Pre-Kindergarten Program	107,188.50		118,676.97
School Food Service	 198,762.35		226,714.96
			_
	\$ 364,067.60	\$	404,177.73

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FUNDING AGENCY	CFDA	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID		EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER		IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Food Services				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	195GA324N1099	\$	70,363.45
National School Lunch Program	10.555	195GA324N1099	_	124,067.76
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				194,431.21
Education, U. S. Department of				<u> </u>
Special Education Cluster				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Special Education				
Grants to States	84.027	H027A180073		48.528.07
drants to states	04.021	11027A100073	_	40,520.01
Other Programs				
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A180010		4,635.00
Rural Education	84.358	S365B170010		727.00
Rural Education	84.358	S365B180010		6,419.77
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A170011		2,000.00
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A180011		9,076.80
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A180001		28,001.49
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170010		6,060.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A180010	_	126,889.19
Total Other Programs			_	183,809.25
Total U. S. Department of Education			_	232,337.32
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	426,768.53

$\underline{\text{Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards}}$

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Webster County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

 $The \ Board \ has \ elected \ not \ to \ use \ the \ 10-percent \ de \ minimis \ indirect \ cost \ rate \ as \ allowed \ under \ the \ Uniform \ Guidance.$

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE
	GENERAL
NCY/FUNDING	FUND
RANTS	
Bright From the Start:	
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning	
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 107,188.5
Education, Georgia Department of	
Quality Basic Education	
Direct Instructional Cost	
Kindergarten Program	77,143.0
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	7,648.0
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	300,333.0
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	47,599.0
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	99,297.0
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program	110,508.0
Middle School (6-8) Program	271,147.0
High School General Education (9-12) Program	215,148.0
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	59,769.0
Students with Disabilities	318,796.0
Gifted Student - Category VI	11,589.0
Alternative Education Program	20,751.0
Media Center Program	40,756.0
20 Days Additional Instruction	13,065.0
Staff and Professional Development	5,858.0
Principal Staff and Professional Development	533.0
Indirect Cost	
Central Administration	330,351.0
School Administration	220,522.0
Facility Maintenance and Operations	77,606.0
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless	71,420.0
Categorical Grants	,
Pupil Transportation	
Regular	75,095.0
Nursing Services	45,000.0
Sparsity	322,849.0
Education Equalization Funding Grant	22,880.0
Other State Programs	,~~
Bus Purchases - State Allotment	77,220.0
Food Services	6,134.0
Facility Safety Grant	19.532.0
SHBP One-Month Employer Contribution Holiday	(27,405.0
Vocational Education	7,150.0
Office of the State Treasurer	
Public School Employees Retirement	4,662.0

2,960,144.50

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
2011 SPLOST REFERENDUM							
 Acquiring, constructing, equipping and furnishing new school buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including, but not limited to, a new high school and athletic/physical education facilities 	\$ 100,000.00 \$	100,000.00 \$	- \$	28,533.52 \$	- \$	-	June 2022
(ii) Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, demolishing, furnishing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including but not limited to the elementary, middle and high schools.	140,000.00	284,736.70	29,829.00	254,907.70	-	-	June 2022
(iii) Paying a portion of the debt service on the outstanding Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds previously issued by Webster County School District, the maximum amount of the debt service to be paid with sales tax proceeds to be \$500,000.00.	500,000.00	1,521,814.44	-	1,521,814.44	1,521,814.44	-	Completed
(iv) Acquiring new technology and software and wiring upgrades.	100,000.00	100,000.00	3,988.04	84,268.08		-	June 2022
(v) Acquiring real property.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-	-		-	June 2022
(vi) Acquiring new school equipment including, but not limited to, new buses, maintenance vehicles and other school	E0 000 00	11755715	96 463 00	24 004 45			luna 2022
equipment.	50,000.00	117,557.15	86,463.00	31,094.15	-	-	June 2022
(vii) Purchasing textbooks and band instruments.	10,000.00	10,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 2022
(viii) Acquiring any necessary or desirable property, both real and personal.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-		<u>-</u>		June 2022
	1,000,000.00	2,234,108.29	120,280.04	1,920,617.89	1,521,814.44		
2016 SPLOST REFERENDUM							
 Acquiring, constructing, equipping and furnishing new school buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including, but not limited to, a new high school and athletic/physical education facilities 	50,000.00	50,000.00	-		-	-	June 2022
(ii) Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, demolishing, furnishing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including but not limited to the elementary, middle and high schools.	100,000.00	100,000.00	-		-	-	June 2022
(iii) Paying a portion of the debt service on the outstanding Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds previously issued by Webster County School District, the maximum amount of the debt service to be paid with sales tax proceeds to be \$1,500,000.00.	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	333,300.00	329,000.00	-	-	June 2022
 (iv) Acquiring new technology, including safety and security technology, computer technology and software and wiring upgrades. 	100,000.00	100,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 2022
(v) Acquiring real property.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 2022
 (vi) Acquiring new school equipment including, but not limited to, new buses, maintenance vehicles and other school equipment. 	100,000.00	100,000.00					June 2022
(vii) Purchasing textbooks and band instruments.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-		-	-	June 2022
(viii) Acquiring any necessary or desirable property, both real	55,000.00	50,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 2022
and personal.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-		-		June 2022
	2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	333,300.00	329,000.00	-		
	\$ 3,000,000.00 \$	4,234,108.29 \$	453,580.04 \$	2,249,617.89 \$	1,521,814.44 \$		

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

See notes to the basic financial statements. 38

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Webster County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND - QUALITY BASIC EDUCATION PROGRAMS (QBE) ALLOTMENTS AND EXPENDITURES - BY PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ALLOTMENTS
FROM GEORGIA

		FROM GEORGIA							
		DEPARTMENT OF		ELIGIBLE QBE PROGRAM COSTS					
DESCRIPTION	_	EDUCATION (1) (2)	_	SALARIES		OPERATIONS		TOTAL	
Direct Instructional Programs									
Kindergarten Program	\$	101,038.00	\$	181,280.80	\$	2,812.69 \$. 1	.84,093.49	
Kindergarten Program-Early Intervention Program		8,779.00		-		-		-	
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		349,751.00		353,648.72		6,313.73	3	359,962.45	
Primary Grades-Early Intervention (1-3) Program		49,537.00		93,913.01		-		93,913.01	
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		123,037.00		261,858.07		5,049.82	2	266,907.89	
Upper Elementary Grades-Early Intervention (4-5)									
Program		115,370.00		-		-		-	
Middle School (6-8) Program		316,297.00		449,584.68		6,602.65	4	56,187.33	
High School General Education (9-12) Program		250,572.00		444,702.77		27,954.26	4	72,657.03	
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		72,087.00		94,960.80		3,763.69		98,724.49	
Students with Disabilities		359,717.00		-		-		-	
Category III		-		275,900.97		373.60	2	276,274.57	
Gifted Student - Category VI		14,403.00		-		25.00		25.00	
Alternative Education Program	_	23,812.00	_	94,184.77	_	-		94,184.77	
TOTAL DIRECT INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS		1,784,400.00		2,250,034.59		52,895.44	2,3	802,930.03	
Media Center Program		47,546.00		68,706.28		6,944.06		75,650.34	
Staff and Professional Development	_	6,748.00		-	_	1,435.77		1,435.77	
TOTAL QBE FORMULA FUNDS	\$_	1,838,694.00	\$	2,318,740.87	\$	61,275.27 \$	2,3	880,016.14	

⁽¹⁾ Comprised of State Funds plus Local Five Mill Share.

⁽²⁾ Allotments do not include the impact of the State amended formula adjustment.

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Webster County Board of Education

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Webster County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District Response to Findings

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lliff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

October 12, 2020

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund; Debt Service Fund; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?Significant deficiency identified?No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.