ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (Including Independent Auditor's Report)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL

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Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Hancock County Board of Education

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Hancock County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements. We were also engaged to audit the financial statements of the aggregate remaining fund information. These financial statements collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Because of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information" paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the aggregate remaining fund information.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also

includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Except for the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information" paragraph, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Due to lack of adequate documentation supporting the school activity (principal) accounts maintained at the individual schools and recorded in the fiduciary fund, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to substantiate the balances recorded in the financial statements. As a result of these matters, we were unable to determine if the fiduciary fund was materially correct.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information" paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the fiduciary fund. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the aggregate remaining fund information.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

We were engaged for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Because of the significance of the matter described above, it is inappropriate to and we do not express an opinion on the supplementary information referred to above.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 14, 2020



EXHIBIT "A"

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,839,793
Receivables:	
Taxes	1,539,397
State	552,453
Federal	1,021,168
Other	13,792
Inventory	9,524
Prepaid items	20,411
Capital assets (nondepreciable)	162,777
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	7,407,292
Total assets	12,566,607
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to defined benefit OPEB plans	1,087,664
Related to defined benefit pension plans	2,209,314
Total deferred outflows	3,296,978
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	256,352
Salaries and benefits payable	1,127,654
Unearned revenue	95,787
Capital leases, due within one year	51,271
Capital leases, due in more than one year	68,362
Net OPEB liability	12,738,926
Net pension liability	10,278,786
Total liabilities	24,617,138
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to defined benefit OPEB plans	2,447,795
Related to defined benefit pension plans	996,843
Total deferred inflows	3,444,638
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	7,450,436
Restricted for:	7,430,430
	207.020
Continuation of federal programs	207,930
Capital projects	1,265,572
Unrestricted (deficit)	(21,122,129)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (12,198,191)

EXHIBIT "B"

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		ogram Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	\mathbf{G}	Capital rants and ntributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities:	ф	6 662 400	Φ.	247.020	Ф	4 221 001	Φ.		Ф	(2.002.760)		
Instruction	\$	6,662,480	\$	247,839	\$	4,331,881	\$	-	\$	(2,082,760)		
Support services:		701 206				500 (10				(201.769)		
Pupil services		791,386 670,164		-		589,618		-		(201,768)		
Improvement of instructional services Educational media services		164,560		-		380,694		-		(289,470) (58,008)		
General administration		384,530		-		106,552 387,957		-		3,427		
School administration		979,732		-		582,509		-		(397,223)		
Business administration		281,209		-		49,250		-		(231,959)		
Maintenance and operation of plant		1,923,083		-		487,405		-		(1,435,678)		
Student transportation services		1,019,527		-		555,880		77,220		(386,427)		
Central support services		448,147		-		1,399		11,220		(446,748)		
Other support services		141,194		_		40,302		-		(100,892)		
Food service operations		925,195		39,793		963,458		_		78,056		
Total governmental activities	\$	14,391,207	\$	287,632	\$	8,476,905	\$	77,220	_	(5,549,450)		
		neral revenues: Γaxes:										
					nance	and operations				5,175,565		
		Sales taxes, f		ital projects						511,712		
		Intangible ta								18,612		
Railroad equipment tax										2,844		
Unrestricted investment earnings									14,921			
]	Miscellaneous								262,992		
		Total general								5,986,646		
		Change in							437,196			
		position (defic			ar				Φ.	(12,635,387)		
Net position (deficit), end of year									\$	(12,198,191)		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General	Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,045,704	\$	794,089	\$	1,839,793
Receivables:						
Taxes		1,486,157		53,240		1,539,397
Intergovernmental:						
State		552,453		_		552,453
Federal		1,021,168		_		1,021,168
Other		13,792		_		13,792
Due from other funds		-		461,311		461,311
Prepaid items		20,411		-		20,411
Inventory		9,524		_		9,524
Total assets	\$	4,149,209	\$	1,308,640	\$	5,457,849
Total assets	Ψ	4,147,207	Ψ	1,500,040	Ψ	3,437,647
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	213,284	\$	43,068	\$	256,352
Salaries and benefits payable		1,127,654		_		1,127,654
Due to other funds		461,311		-		461,311
Unearned revenue - grants		95,787		_		95,787
Total liabilities		1,898,036		43,068		1,941,104
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,145,524		-	_	1,145,524
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:		0.504				0.504
Inventory		9,524		-		9,524
Prepaid items		20,411		-		20,411
Restricted:						
Federal programs		198,406		-		198,406
Capital projects		-		1,265,572		1,265,572
Assigned:						
Student activities		54,190		-		54,190
Unassigned		823,118		-		823,118
Total fund balances		1,105,649		1,265,572		2,371,221
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,						

EXHIBIT "D"

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 2,371,221
Amounts reported for governmenta	d activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governme are not reported in the funds.	ental activities are not financial resources and		
	Cost	\$ 20,150,842	
	Less accumulated depreciation	 (12,580,773)	7,570,069
Other long-term assets are not a and are deferred in the funds.	available to pay for current-period expenditures		
	Property taxes		1,145,524
Long-term liabilities are not due are not reported in the funds.	e and payable in the current period and, therefore,		
Bonds			
Bond premium,	net of amortization		
_	Deferred outflows - pension plans	\$ 2,209,314	
	Deferred outflows - OPEB plans	1,087,664	
	Deferred inflows - pension plans	(996,843)	
	Deferred inflows - OPEB plans	(2,447,795)	
	Net pension liability	(10,278,786)	
	Net OPEB liability	(12,738,926)	
	Financed purchases	(119,633)	(23,285,005)
Net position of governmental active	ities		\$ (12,198,191)

EXHIBIT "E"

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 5,255,254	\$ -	\$ 5,255,254
Sales taxes	21,454	511,712	533,166
State funds	4,594,442	-	4,594,442
Federal funds	3,952,207	-	3,952,207
Charges for services	287,632	-	287,632
Investment earnings	3,459	11,462	14,921
Miscellaneous	262,992	-	262,992
Total revenues	14,377,440	523,174	14,900,614
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	6,706,082	-	6,706,082
Support Services:			
Pupil services	823,536	-	823,536
Improvement of instructional services	734,325	-	734,325
Educational media services	171,537	-	171,537
General administration	397,098	-	397,098
School administration	1,060,596	-	1,060,596
Business administration	293,826	-	293,826
Maintenance and operation of plant	2,062,613	-	2,062,613
Student transportation services	970,465	_	970,465
Central support services	458,420	_	458,420
Other support services	149,216	_	149,216
Food services operation	948,057	_	948,057
Capital outlay	-	153,731	153,731
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	51,271	_	51,271
Total expenditures	14,827,042	153,731	14,980,773
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(449,602)	369,443	(80,159)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Capital leases	170,904		170,904
Net change in fund balances	(278,698)	369,443	90,745
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,384,347	896,129	2,280,476
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 1,105,649	\$ 1,265,572	\$ 2,371,221

EXHIBIT "F"

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 90,745		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The net effect of the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay is to decrease net position.			
Capital outlay	\$	399,017	
Depreciation expense		(531,351)	(132,334)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes			(79,689)
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal payments - financed purchases	\$	51,271	
Change in net OPEB liability and deferred inflows			
and outflows related to OPEB activity Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows		(146,352)	
and outflows related to pension activity		824,459	
Financed purchase from direct borrowings		(170,904)	558,474
1	-		
Changes in net position of governmental activities			\$ 437,196

EXHIBIT "G"

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	 Agency Fund
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,036
LIABILITIES Checks issued in excess of bank balance	\$ 1,036



EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Hancock County Board of Education (the "School District") was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a school board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The Board is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements of the Hancock County Board of Education. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.
- Program revenues include: a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the School District, except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("ESPLOST") and grants from the Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported in the financial statements. The government-wide governmental activities is reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all tax revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. All other revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, grants and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, and then general revenues.

The State of Georgia reimburses the School District for teachers' salaries and operating costs through the Quality Basic Education ("QBE") Formula Earnings program. State of Georgia law defines the formula driven grant that determines the cost of an academic school year and the State of Georgia's share in this cost. Generally teachers are contracted for the school year (July 1 – June 30) and paid over a 12-month contract period, generally September 1 through August 31. In accordance with the requirements of the enabling legislation of the QBE program, the State of Georgia reimburses the School District over the same 12-month period in which teachers are paid, funding the academic school year expenditures. At June 30, the amount of teachers' salaries incurred but not paid until July and August of the subsequent year are accrued as the State of Georgia has only postponed the final payment of their share of the cost until the subsequent appropriations for cash management purposes. By June 30 of each year, the State of Georgia has a signed appropriation that includes this final amount, which represents the State of Georgia's intent to fund this final payment. Based on guidance in GASB Statement No. 33, paragraph 74, the State of Georgia recognizes its QBE liability for the July and August salaries at June 30, and the School District recognizes the same QBE as a receivable and revenue, consistent with symmetrical recognition.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2019, the School District adopted GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations ("AROs"). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In fiscal year 2019, the School District adopted GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Composition of Deposits – Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool ("Georgia Fund 1") and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) § 45-8-14, authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations, or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Investments

Composition of Investments – The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. § 36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

The School District does not have a formal policy regarding investment policies that address credit risks, custodial credit risks, concentration of credit risks, interest rate risks or foreign currency risks.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed, and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

Inventories

Food Inventories – On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased food inventories are reported at cost (first-in, first-out). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capi	italization	Estimated
]	Policy	Useful Life
Land		All	N/A
Construction in Progress	\$	5,000	N/A
Land Improvements		5,000	50 Years
Buildings and Improvements		5,000	15 – 80 Years
Equipment		5,000	3-20 Years
Intangibles		300,000	3-20 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will report a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to GAAP, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums (Continued)

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-employment Benefit Fund (the "School OPEB Fund") and additions to/deductions from the School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent, either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Constraints that are placed on the use of resources are either: 1) externally imposed conditions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The Board of Education is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority; the formal action required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by: 1) the Board of Education, or 2) the budget or finance committee, the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – Amounts within the General Fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The General Fund is the only fund that reports positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The responsibility for designating funds to specific classification is as follows:

Committed Fund Balance – The Board of Education is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Funds should be committed prior to the end of the fiscal year, although the exact amount may be determined in the subsequent fiscal year.

Assigned Fund Balance – The Board of Education has authorized the Superintendent and the Director of Finance as officials authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose in accordance with the School District's policy. The accounting records should reflect sufficient documentation to support an assignment of funds by administration.

When multiple categories of fund balances are available for expenditures, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

The Hancock County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2018 tax digest year (calendar year) on August 31, 2018 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2018. Taxes were due on November 20, 2018 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2018 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2019. The Hancock County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$5,063,400.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2018 tax year (calendar year) for the Hancock County Board of Education was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations 14.425 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$191,854 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Sales Taxes

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("ESPLOST"), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$511,712 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be reauthorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with GAAP.

HANCOCK COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION EXHIBIT "H" NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA (CONTINUED)

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of the O.C.G.A. § 20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

If expenditure of funds, in any fund, is anticipated to be more than the budgeted amount, the Superintendent shall request Board approval for the budget amendment. Any position or expenditure not previously approved in the annual budget that exceeds \$5,000 shall require Board approval unless the Superintendent deems the position or purchase an emergency. In such case, the expenditure shall be reported to the Board at its regularly scheduled meeting. Under no circumstances is the Superintendent or other staff person authorized to spend funds that exceed the total budget without approval by the Board.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Collateralization of Deposits – O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12, provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to or not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1), the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Collateralization of Deposits (Continued)

- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Categorization of Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2019, the School District had deposits with a carrying value of \$1,114,066, excluding cash equivalents, and bank balances of \$1,600,335. The bank balances were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the School District's name.

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to carrying value of deposits:

Statement of Net Position

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,839,793
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	
Checks issued in excess of bank balances	(1,036)
Less: Investment pool reported as cash and cash equivalents:	
Georgia Fund 1	(724,691)
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2019	\$ 1,114,066

Categorization of Cash Equivalents

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$724,691 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

Categorization of Cash Equivalents (Continued)

The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2019, was 39 days.

The Georgia Fund 1, (a local government investment pool), is administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer and is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the *State of Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html.

NOTE 5: NON-MONETARY TRANSACTIONS

The School District receives food commodities from the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") for school breakfast and lunch programs. These commodities are recorded at their federally assigned value. **See Note 2 - Inventories**

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets during the fiscal year:

	I	Beginning Balance	Iı	ncreases]	Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	¢	162,777	¢		\$			\$	162,777
Total	\$	162,777	\$		φ			φ	162,777
		102,777			_		<u> </u>		102,777
Capital assets, being depreciated:		15.051.647							15.051.647
Buildings and improvements Equipment		15,951,647 3,683,672		399,017		(374,00	- -		15,951,647 3,708,689
Land improvements		327,729		399,017		(374,00	U) -		3,708,089
Total		19,963,048		399,017		(374,00	<u> </u>		19,988,065
		17,703,040		377,017	_	(374,00	<u> </u>		17,700,003
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements		(9,077,888)		(297,429)					(9,375,317)
Equipment		(3,144,816)		(212,073)		374,00	0		(2,982,889)
Land improvements		(200,718)		(21,849)		374,00	-		(222,567)
Total		(12,423,422)		(531,351)		374,00	0		(12,580,773)
Total capital assets, being									
depreciated, net		7,539,626		(132,334)					7,407,292
Governmental activities									
capital assets, net	\$	7,702,403	\$	(132,334)	\$		<u>-</u> -	\$	7,570,069
Current year depreciation expe	nse	by function	ı is a	s follows:					
Instruction							\$	3	14,867
Support services									
General Administration				\$		826			
Business Administration						3,616			
Maintenance and operation	ıs					74,662			
Student transportation						131,636		2	10,740
Food services									5,744
1 000 001 (1000							_		
Total depreciation expense							\$	5	31,351

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 7: INTERFUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Due to and due from other funds are recorded for interfund receivables and payables which arise from interfund transactions. Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	Due From
	General
Due To	Fund
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 461,311

Interfund balances were incurred to repay the capital projects fund for amounts receipted to the general fund in error in the previous year.

There were no interfund transfers reported for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees, acts of God and unemployment compensation.

The School District has obtained commercial insurance for risks of loss associated with torts, assets, errors or omissions, job related illness or injuries to employees, and acts of God. The School District has neither significantly reduced coverage for these risks nor incurred losses (settlements) which exceeded the School District's insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the General Fund with expenses/expenditures and a liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	Beginning of Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	End of Year Liability
2019	\$ -	\$ 2,735	\$ 2,735	\$ -
2018	\$ -	\$ 590	\$ 590	\$ -

The School District has purchased surety bonds to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	Amount			
Superintendent	\$	100,000		
Finance Director	\$	100,000		

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, for governmental activities, were as follows:

	_Ju	Balance ne 30, 2018	 Additions	Deletions	_Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019	 e Within ne Year
Financed Purchase Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability	\$	- 13,566,922 10,481,370	\$ 170,904 1,106,195 1,190,599	\$ (51,271) (1,934,191) (1,393,183)	\$	119,633 12,738,926 10,278,786	\$ 51,271
Total	\$	24,048,292	\$ 2,467,698	\$ (3,378,645)	\$	23,137,345	\$ 51,271

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Financed Purchases Under Direct Borrowings

The School District has acquired copiers under the provisions of a financed purchase from direct borrowings. The following assets purchased under the direct borrowing is reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

	Governmental Activities			
Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$	256,355 (136,722)		
Total	\$	119,633		

Financed purchased outstanding as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Purpose	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	Amount Issued	Amount tstanding
Copiers	September 15, 2016	September 15, 2021	\$	256,355	\$ 119,633

The following is a schedule of future payments under direct borrowings:

Fiscal Year	Financed Purchases					
Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest			
2020	\$	51,271	\$	-		
2021		51,271		-		
2022		17,091		-		
Total Principal and Interest	\$	119,633	\$			

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 10: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINED)

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Georgia School Personnel Post-employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description. Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. § 20-2-875 are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (the "Board"). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided. The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from the Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"), Georgia Judicial Retirement System ("JRS"), Legislative Retirement System ("LRS"), Teachers Retirement System ("TRS") or Public School Employees Retirement System ("PSERS"). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement ("HRA"), Health Maintenance Organization ("HMO") and a High Deductible Health Plan ("HDHP"). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions. As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$499,315 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

EXHIBIT "H"

HANCOCK COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$12,738,926 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.100230%, which was an increase of 0.003668% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$645,667. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	ОРЕВ				
	0	Deferred outflow of esources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	289,760	
Changes in assumptions		-		2,158,035	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		17,235		-	
School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		571,114		-	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		499,315			
Total	\$	1,087,664	\$	2,447,795	

EXHIBIT "H"

HANCOCK COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$499,315 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Yea	r
hding Iuno	3

Ending June 30,	OPEB		
2020	\$	(364,719)	
2021		(364,719)	
2022		(364,719)	
2023		(365,749)	
2024		(294,228)	
2025		(105,312)	

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

OPEB:

L	n ED.	
	Inflation	2.75%
	Salary increases	3.25% - 9.00%, including inflation
	Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
	Healthcare cost trend rate	
	Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.50%
	Medicare Eligible	5.50%
	Ultimate trend rate	
	Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%
	Medicare Eligible	4.75%
	Year of Ultimate trend rate	
	Pre-Medicare Eligible	2028
	Medicare Eligible	2022

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward five years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ended June 30, 2014.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. During fiscal year 2018, the School OPEB fund updated their investment strategy to a more long-term approach.

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)</u>

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic Stocks - Large Cap	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic Stocks - Mid Cap	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic Stocks - Small Cap	1.40%	13.50%
International Stocks - Developed Market	17.80%	8.00%
International Stocks - Emerging Market	5.20%	12.00%
Alternatives	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*} Net of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.58% to 3.87%. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.87% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.87% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2018. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.87% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 11: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate:

School OPEB Fund- Discount Rate		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease (2.87%)	Di	 Increase (4.87%)	
School District's proportionate share					
of the OPEB liablity	\$	14,875,071	\$	12,738,926	\$ 11,016,348

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

School OPEB Fund- Healthcare Cost Ti	te		Current					
		1%	Hea	althcare Cost		1%		
		Decrease	Trend Rate			Increase		
School District's proportionate share								
of the OPEB liablity	\$	10,709,718	\$	12,738,926	\$	15,332,179		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia as further explained below.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS")

Plan Description. All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A. § 47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. § 47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS"). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees ("TRS Board"). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The TRS issues a publicly available separate financial audit report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after ten years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions. Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2019. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 20.90% of annual school district payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$1,373,741 from the School District.

Public School Employees Retirement System ("PSERS")

Plan Description. PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administer PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public School Employees Retirement System ("PSERS") (Continued)

Benefits provided. A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. § 47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012, contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012, contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$39,629.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$10,278,786 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability for TRS.

The Net Pension Liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

At June 30, 2018, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.055375%, which was a decrease of 0.001021% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2019, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the Net Pension Liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the School District is \$203,450.

The PSERS Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the Net Pension Liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$549,282 for TRS and \$47,106 for PSERS and revenue of \$47,106 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	TRS						
	0	Deferred outflows of desources	Iı	Deferred of the sources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	680,470	\$	21,185			
Changes of assumptions		155,103		-			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		281,042			
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		694,616			
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,373,741					
Total	\$	2,209,314	\$	996,843			

EXHIBIT "H"

HANCOCK COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,373,741 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	 TRS
2020	\$ 146,948
2021	66,103
2022	(340,281)
2023	(40,213)
2024	6,173

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25 – 9.00%, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White-Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Public School Employees Retirement System

Inflation 2.75% Salary increase N/A

Investment rate of return 7.30%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward five years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

HANCOCK COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION EXHIBIT "H"

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	TRS Target	PSERS Target	Long-term expected real rate
Asset class	allocation (%)	allocation (%)	of return (%)*
Fixed income	30.00	30.00	(0.50)
Domestic large equities	39.80	37.20	9.00
Domestic mid equities	3.70	3.40	12.00
Domestic small equities	1.50	1.40	13.50
International developed market equities	19.40	17.80	8.00
International emerging market equities	5.60	5.20	12.00
Alternative	0.00	5.00	10.50
Total	100.00	100.00	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.50%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

EXHIBIT "H"

NOTE 12: RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	Increase (8.50%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 17,158,237	\$ 10,278,786	\$ 4,609,768

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial reports which are publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html.

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In December 2019, a strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) began to spread worldwide, resulting in a severe impact to the United States economy in March 2020. The spread of COVID-19 has had a negative impact on virtually all businesses and individuals which compromise the tax base of all levels of government. The extent of this impact is uncertain but is expected to have negative results on financial operations, however the impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.



SCHEDULE "1"

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2019	2018	2017		2016		2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.055375%	0.056396%		0.056501%	0.060825%		0.064599%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	10,278,786	\$ 10,481,370	\$	11,656,786	\$ 9,260,002	\$	8,161,232
School District's covered payroll	6,600,880	\$ 6,486,342	\$	6,204,324	\$ 6,418,380	\$	6,590,342
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	155.72%	161.59%		187.88%	144.27%		123.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.27%	79.33%		76.06%	81.44%		84.03%

SCHEDULE "2"

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	 2019 2018		2018	 2017	2016		 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,373,741	\$	1,109,608	\$ 925,601	\$	885,357	\$ 844,017
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,373,741		1,109,608	925,601		885,357	 844,017
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$
School District's covered payroll	\$ 6,575,173	\$	6,600,880	\$ 6,486,342	\$	6,204,324	\$ 6,418,380
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.90%		16.81%	14.27%		14.27%	13.15%

SCHEDULE "3"

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	 2019	2018	2017		2016	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%		0.000000%	0.000000%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District	 203,450	200,130	275,751	_	187,254	170,734
Total	\$ 203,450	\$ 200,130	\$ 275,751	\$	187,254	\$ 170,734
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 578,942	\$ 601,630	\$ 637,023	\$	667,351	\$ 695,089
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.26%	85.69%	81.00%		87.00%	88.29%

SCHEDULE "4"

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2019	 2018
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.100230%	0.096562%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 12,738,926	\$ 13,566,922
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	 12,738,926	 13,566,922
School District's covered - employee payroll	\$ 6,374,147	\$ 6,459,307
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	199.85%	210.04%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	2.93%	1.61%

The measurement date for the year ended June 30, 2019 is June 30, 2018. The schedule above is intended to show information for the last ten fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by Hancock County Board of Education.

SCHEDULE "5"

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2019		2018	2017		
	 2017		2010	-	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 499,315	\$	519,482	\$	503,484	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 499,315		519,482		503,484	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,387,706	\$	6,374,147	\$	6,459,307	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.82%		8.15%		7.79%	

SCHEDULE "6"

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the School District. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the School District. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females).

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of assumptions: The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was revised, for various factors, including the methodoloy used to determine how employees and retirees were assigned to each of the OPEB Funds and anticipated participation percentages. Current and former employees of State organizations (including technical colleges, community service boards and public health departments) are now assigned to the State OPEB Fund based on their last employer payroll location: irrespective of retirement affiliation.

The discount rate was updated from 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018.

SCHEDULE "7"

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget						Variance With		
		Original (1)		Final (1)		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES			_		_		_		
Property taxes	\$	5,333,676	\$	5,333,676	\$	5,255,254	\$	(78,422)	
Sales taxes		20,000		20,000		21,454		1,454	
State funds		5,460,146		5,476,512		4,594,442		(882,070)	
Federal funds		3,893,010		3,910,620		3,952,207		41,587	
Charges for services		-		-		287,632		287,632	
Investment earnings		7,000		2,000		3,459		1,459	
Miscellaneous		105,700		105,700		262,992		157,292	
Total revenues	_	14,819,532		14,848,508		14,377,440	_	(471,068)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction		7,494,562		7,006,778		6,706,082		300,696	
Support services:									
Pupil services		881,692		842,088		823,536		18,552	
Improvement of instructional services		1,046,723		989,773		734,325		255,448	
Educational media services		143,877		166,655		171,537		(4,882)	
General administration		482,372		507,948		397,098		110,850	
School administration		1,043,657		1,050,057		1,060,596		(10,539)	
Business administration		346,105		375,437		293,826		81,611	
Maintenance and operation of plant		1,405,542		1,649,901		2,062,613		(412,712)	
Student transportation services		1,123,358		1,138,410		970,465		167,945	
Central support services		385,781		385,781		458,420		(72,639)	
Other support services		167,547		196,779		149,216		47,563	
Food services operations		1,342,798		1,328,098		948,057		380,041	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement						51,271		(51,271)	
Total expenditures		15,864,014	_	15,637,705		14,827,042		810,663	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(1,044,482)		(789,197)		(449,602)	_	339,595	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Financed purchases from direct borrowing		-		-		170,904		170,904	
Other uses		(1,500,600)		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,500,600)		-		170,904	=	170,904	
Net change in fund balances		(2,545,082)		(789,197)		(278,698)		510,499	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,384,347	_	1,384,347		1,384,347			
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	(1,160,735)	\$	595,150	\$	1,105,649	\$	510,499	

Note to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$247,840 and \$194,296, respectively.

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, budget and actual, is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

SCHEDULE "8"

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Funding Agency Program/Grant	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity ID Number	Expenditures In Period		
Agriculture, U.S. Department of					
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
Food Services					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	195GA324N1099	\$	305,945	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	195GA324N1099		564,772	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				870,717	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				870,717	
Education, U.S. Department of					
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education					
Special Education Cluster					
Grants to States	84.027	H027A180073		278,845	
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A180081		6,517	
Total Special Education Cluster				285,362	
Other Programs					
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	S010A170010		41,850	
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	S010A180010		413,976	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A170001		17,288	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A180001		29,844	
Rural Education	84.358	S358B170010		601	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A170010		895	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A180010		15,287	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	S424A170011		15,177	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	S424A180011		30,231	
Total other programs				565,149	
Total U.S. Department of Education				850,511	
Health and Human Services, U.S. Department of			•		
Direct					
Head Start Cluster					
Head Start	93.600	04CH4743-04-00		2,150,871	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				2,150,871	
Defense, U.S. Department of Direct					
Department of the Air Force					
R.O.T.C. Program	12.unknown	N/A	\$	66,953	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,939,052	

N/A = Not Available

SCHEDULE "8"

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The School District did not provide Federal Assistance to any Subrecipient.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Hancock County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE "9"

SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ency/Funding	Governmental Fund Type General Fund
Grants	
Bright from the Start:	
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning	
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$ 205,39
Education, Georgia Department of	
Quality Basic Education	
Direct Instructional Cost	
Kindergarten Program	188,39
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program	42,20
Primary Grades (1-3) Program	367,70
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program	236,99
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program	191,0
Early Intervention (4-5) Program	104,8
Middle School (6-8) Program	432,7
High School General Education (9-12) Program	396,9
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program	111,0
Students with Disabilities	684,7
Program for Intellectually Gifted Students - Category VI	13,5
Remedial Education Program	115,3
Alternative Education Program	31,70
State Health Benefit Plan Employer Holiday	(57,6
Media Center Program	74,0
20 Days Additional Instruction	23,4
Staff and Professional Development	12,9
Principal Staff & Professional Development	6
Indirect Cost	
Central Administration	268,9
School Administration	265,6
Facility Maintenance and Operations	164,7
Vocational Supervisors	7,1
Categorical Grants	7,1
Pupil Transportation	330,7
Sparsity	139,7
Nursing Services	45,0
Food Services	20,6
Other State Programs	20,0
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	5,10
Math and Science Supplements	23,3
Preschool Handicapped Program	
School Safety Grant	30,4
Bus Purchases - State Allotment	77,2
Office of the State Treasurer	
Public School Employees Retirement System	39,6
	\$ 4,594,4

SCHEDULE "10"

SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Project			Current Estimated Costs (2)	Amount Expended In Current Year (3) (4)		Amount Expended In Prior Years (3) (4)		Total Completion Cost		Estimated Completion Date
Acquiring, adding to, renovating, repairing, reroofing, mproving and demolishing, furnishing and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and acilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, necluding, but not limited to, agricultural and band buildings, additional classrooms, administrative acilities, gymnasiums and physical education/athletic acilities; (ii) acquiring technology improvements, including safety and security improvements and computer technology; (iii) acquiring new school equipment, including new buses and maintenance vehicles; (iv) acquiring real property; (v) acquiring, constructing, and equipping new school buildings and other facilities; (vi) acquiring any necessary or desirable property, both real and personal, including extbooks and band instruments, the maximum amount of the projects to be paid with sales and use tax proceeds will be \$3,000,000; and (vii) payment of expenses incident to accomplishing the foregoing.										
Project #1 Reroofing of Hancock Central High/Middle School	\$ 1,000,000	\$	620,163	\$	_	\$	620,163	\$	620,163	Complete
Project #2 Cameras	500,000		300,000		_		_		_	June 30, 2020
Project #3 Purchase/Repair of School Buses	600,000		86,000	86	6,000		-		86,000	Complete
roject #4 urchase of Instructional Technology	300,000		300,000	67	7,725		-		-	June 30, 2021
roject #5 extbooks	400,000		400,000		6		193,944		-	June 30, 2021
roject #6 enovations	200,000		200,000		_		_		_	June 30, 2021
	\$ 3,000,000		1,906,163	\$ 153	3,731	\$	814,107	\$	706,163	•

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.
- (3) The voters of Hancock County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) The School District does not have any excess proceeds on hand not yet expended.

SECTION II COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 4-101 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Hancock County Board of Education

We were engaged to audit, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hancock County (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2020. Our report disclaims an opinion on such financial statements because of lack of sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support the fiduciary fund.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In connection with our engagement to audit the financial statements of the School District, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FS 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FS 2019-002, to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the engagement to audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an engagement to perform an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 14, 2020



270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 4-101 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Superintendent and Members of the
Hancock County Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hancock County Board of Education (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items FA 2019-001, FA 2019-002, and FA 2019-003. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items FA 2019-001, FA 2019-002, and FA 2019-003, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding[s] identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Thij

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

December 14, 2020

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS-6701-12-01 Inadequate Access Controls – Separation of Duties

Control Category: Accounting Controls (Overall)

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS-6701-12-03 Inadequate Internal Controls Over School Activity Accounts

Control Category; Cash and Cash Equivalents

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will make sure that established and approved internal controls are followed and enforced thereby making sure that transactions are processed accurately and documentation is properly maintained. We have updated our internal control manual and implemented the procedures. This finding will be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS-6701-12-09 Failure to Adequately Maintain Capital Assets

Control Category: Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS-6701-13-01 Inadequate Access Controls – Separation of Duties

Control Category: Accounting Controls (Overall)

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 6701-13-03 Inadequate Internal Controls Over School Activity Accounts

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will make sure that established and approved internal controls are followed and enforced thereby making sure that transactions are processed accurately, and documentation is properly maintained. We have updated our internal control manual and implemented the procedures. This finding will be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS 6701-13-08 Failure to Adequately Maintain Capital Assets

Control Category: Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2014-001 Inadequate Access Controls – Separation of Duties

Control Category: Accounting Controls (Overall)

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2014-003 Inadequate Internal Controls Over School Activity Accounts

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will make sure that established and approved internal controls are followed and enforced thereby making sure that transactions are processed accurately, and documentation is properly maintained. We have updated our internal control manual and implemented the procedures. This finding will be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS 2014-008 Inadequate Internal Controls over Capital Assets

Control Category: Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2015-001 Inadequate Separation of Duties Control Category: Accounting Controls (Overall)

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2015-003 Inadequate Internal Controls Over School Activity Accounts

Control Category; Cash and Cash Equivalents

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will make sure that established and approved internal controls are followed and enforced thereby making sure that transactions are processed accurately and documentation is properly maintained. We have updated our internal control manual and implemented the procedures. This finding will be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS 2015-005 Inadequate Internal Controls over Capital Assets

Control Category; Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2016-001 Inadequate Separation of Duties Control Category: Accounting Controls (Overall)

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2016-003 Inadequate Internal Controls over School Activity Accounts

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

General Ledger

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will make sure that established and approved internal controls are followed and enforced thereby making sure that transactions are processed accurately, and documentation is properly maintained. We have updated our internal control manual and implemented the procedures. This finding will be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS 2016-005 Inadequate Internal Controls over Capital Assets

Control Category; Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2016-006 Inadequate Internal Controls over Budget

Preparation/Execution

Control Category; Budget Preparation/Execution

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Non-Material Noncompliance

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Plan Implemented

FS 2017-001 Inadequate Separation of Duties Control Category: Accounting Controls (Overall)

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2017-003 Inadequate Internal Controls over School Activity Accounts

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

General Ledger

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will make sure that established and approved internal controls are followed and enforced thereby making sure that transactions are processed accurately and documentation is properly maintained. We have updated our internal control manual and implemented the procedures. This finding will be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS 2017-005 Inadequate Accounting Procedures

Control Category; General Ledger
Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2017-006 Inadequate Internal Controls over Capital Assets

Control Category; Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will reassess internal control procedures related to capital assets to ensure that they are in place and operating effectively. An administrative review will be conducted to make sure that the capital assets listing is accurate, and to make sure that the list conforms to generally accepted accounting principles. We are updating and inputting the fixed assets into our accounting system so we can correct this finding. This finding should be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS 2017-007 Inadequate Internal Controls over Budget

Preparation/Execution

Control Category; Budget Preparation/Execution

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Non-Material Noncompliance

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FS 2018-001 Accounting Controls (Overall)

Control Category: Financial Reporting Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2018-002 Internal Controls over School Activity Accounts

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Revenues/Receivables/Receipts

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

General Ledger

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The Hancock County School District has established procedures to ensure that disbursements and receipts of funds within the school activity accounts are adequately documented and voucher packets contain evidence of receipt of goods. The School District will perform an analysis of school activity accounts to ensure that the accounts are classified correctly between governmental and agency funds. In addition, the School District will make every effort to separate duties over the school activity accounts.

FS-2018-003 Internal Controls over Capital Assets

Control Category: Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District will reassess internal control procedures related to capital assets to ensure that they are in place and operating effectively. An administrative review will be conducted to make sure that the capital assets listing is accurate, and to make sure that the list conforms to generally accepted accounting principles. We are updating and inputting the fixed assets into our accounting system so we can correct this finding. This finding should be resolved by the end of fiscal year 2020.

FS-2018-004 Budget Deficit

Control Category: Budget Preparation/Execution

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness
Compliance Impact: Material Noncompliance

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2018-001 Improve Controls over Expenditures
Compliance Requirement: Activities Allowed or Unallowed

Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Pass-Through Entity: Direct

CFDA Number and Title: 93.600 Head Start **Federal Award Number:** 04CH4743-04-00

Questioned Costs: \$9,274.97

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

The School District is in the process of updating the policies and procedures manual and will establish internal control procedures to ensure all expenditures are adequately documented, allowable and agree back to supporting documentation.

FA 2018-002 Strengthen Controls over Employee Compensation

Compliance Requirement: Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title: Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555)
Federal Award Number: 18185GA324N1099 - School Breakfast Program

18185GA324N1100 - National School Lunch Program

Questioned Costs: \$31,362.00

Finding Status: Previously Reported Corrective Action Implemented

FA 2018-003 Improve Controls over Equipment

Compliance Requirement: Equipment and Real Property Management

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact:Nonmaterial NoncomplianceFederal Awarding Agency:U.S. Department of AgriculturePass-Through Entity:Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Number and Title: Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 and 10.555)
Federal Award Number: 18185GA324N1099 - School Breakfast Program

18185GA324N1100 - National School Lunch Program

Questioned Costs: None Identified

Finding Status: Partially Resolved

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

The School District is in the process of updating the policies and procedures manual and will establish internal controls procedures to improve controls over equipment related to School Nutrition.

FA 2018-004 Strengthen Controls over Matching Requirements

Compliance Requirement: Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Pass-Through Entity: Direct

CFDA Number and Title: 93.600 Head Start Federal Award Number: 04CH4743-04-00 Questioned Costs: None Identified

Finding Status: Unresolved

The School District is in the process of updating the policies and procedures manual and will establish internal controls procedures to ensure earmarking requirements are met for the Head Start Program.

SECTION IV FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities; General Fund; Capital Projects Fund

Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Unmodified

Disclaimer

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified?Significant deficiency identified?Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness identified?Significant deficiency identified?Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

10.553, 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster 93.600 Head Start Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FS 2019-001 Internal Controls over School Activity Accounts

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

General Ledger

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2018-002, FS 2017-003, FS 2016-003, FS 2015-003,

FS 2014-003, FS-6701-13-03 and FS-6701-12-03

Description:

The accounting procedures of the School District were insufficient to provide adequate internal controls over school activity accounts.

Criteria:

The School District's management is responsible for designing and maintaining internal controls that provide proper separation of duties and reasonable assurance that transactions are accurately processed according to established procedures.

Condition:

We observed several areas where control deficiencies existed related to school activity accounts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

 The School District did not establish adequate separation of duties for the key accounting functions of cash receipting, deposit preparation, and custody of cash.

Expenditures/Liabilities/Disbursements

A review of ten vouchers revealed the following deficiencies:

- One voucher did not have evidence of approval.
- Four of the vouchers provided were not supported by an invoice.
- Four of the vouchers provided did not contain evidence of receipt of goods.

General Ledger

 Student activity fund transactions were commingled into two governmental funds (general and athletics). No analysis was performed to determine the correct classification of account activity balances between governmental and agency funds; therefore, it is not possible to determine the balance, if any, of funds held for others.

Questioned Costs:

N/A

Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they stated that the cause was a direct result of the lack of resources to properly separate duties and time to train board personnel responsible for school activity account functions. The commingling of governmental and agency fund accounts was an attempt to clean up the accounts from previous years and ensure going forward that disbursements and receipts were recorded within in the correct club/organization; however, after consolidating all of the funds into two governmental accounts (general and athletics), the board failed to begin recording the receipts and disbursements to the applicable activity accounts.

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Effect or Potential Effect:

The lack of adequate controls increases the risk of theft, fraud, or misuse of School District resources that may result in errors and/or irregularities not being detected in a timely manner. Also, agency funds could be materially misstated.

Recommendation:

While we acknowledge the size of the staff may make it difficult to fully separate duties, we recommend that the School District make every effort to provide for a proper separation of duties between the cash receipting function, deposit preparation and cash custody. In the case when management determines separation of duties is not cost beneficial, management should implement compensating controls that reduce vulnerabilities in ineffectively separated functions and the risk of errors and fraud. Management should implement procedures to ensure that disbursements and receipts of funds are adequately documented. The School District should ensure that accounts are properly classified and balances are properly reflected in the general ledger.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

FS-2019-002 <u>Internal Controls over Capital Assets</u>

Control Category: Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2018-003, FS 2017-006, 2016-005, FS 2015-005, FS 2014-008,

FS-6701-13-08, and FS-6701-12-09

Description:

The School District did not adequately maintain the capital assets records.

Criteria:

Chapter IV-7 Implementing a Capital Asset Management System of the <u>Financial Management for Georgia Local Units of Administration</u> indicates that School Districts must establish fixed asset policies, define system requirements, implement a fixed asset system, and maintain fixed asset records.

Condition:

A review of the School District's capital asset records revealed deficiencies as discussed below:

- The capital asset listing, as presented, included adjustments for \$22,740 which no assets were mentioned, or explanations given.
- The capital asset listing as presented, failed to provide elements of information as required such as asset identifiers and location for all assets.
- Depreciation expense was not calculated using the straight-line method in accordance with the capital asset policy. The School District calculated depreciation using the half-year convention method.
- Documentation of a physical inventory of capital assets was not provided.
- Five unrecorded capital asset purchases totaling \$152,109 were noted during our testing of expenditures.
- One capital asset purchase was undercapitalized by \$17,777 due to entity not capitalizing costs in accordance with the capital assets policy.

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Ouestioned Costs:

N/A

Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they stated that the cause was a direct result of the lack of time and resources to ensure adequate procedures are in place to process, record and report capital assets.

Effect or Potential Effect:

The failure of the School District to maintain a complete and accurate capital asset listing can lead to inaccurate internal and external reporting as well as noncompliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Recommendation:

The School District should strengthen internal control procedures over capital assets to ensure that capital assets are recorded in accordance with the board's policy, all required elements are included on listing and adjustments are properly documented. Procedures should be implemented requiring properly documented inventory counts and review of expenses made during the year to verify the completeness of capital assets.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2019-001 Improve Controls over Expenditures
Compliance Requirements: Activities Allowed or Unallowed

Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Pass-Through Entity: Direct

CFDA Number and Title: 93.600 Head Start Federal Award Number: 04CH4743-04-00

Questioned Costs: \$1,315.16 Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FA 2018-001

Description:

A review of expenditures charged to the Head Start program revealed that the School District did not implement internal control procedures to ensure that expenditures were approved, adequately documented and allowable.

Criteria:

2 CFR 200.403 prescribes the factors affecting allowability of costs and states in part that "costs must meet the following general criteria in order to be allowable under Federal awards: (a) Be necessary and reasonable for the performance of the Federal award and be allocable thereto under these principles... (c) Be consistent with policies and procedures that apply uniformly to both federally-financed and other activities of the non-Federal entity... (g) Be adequately documented..."

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

In addition, 2 CFR 200.303(a) states in part that "non-Federal entity must: (a) Establish and maintain effective internal control over the Federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the non-Federal entity is managing the Federal award in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award... (c) Evaluate and monitor the non-Federal entity's compliance with statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of Federal awards."

Condition:

A sample of 40 expenditures were selected for testing using a non-statistical sampling approach. These expenditures were reviewed to determine if appropriate internal controls were implemented and applicable compliance requirements were met. The following deficiencies were noted:

- For two expenditures, evidence of review and approval was not reflected within the voucher package.
- For one expenditure, the amount recorded on the general ledger did not agree to supporting documentation. A total of \$969.00 was undocumented.
- For one expenditure, unallowable interest charges in the amount of \$346.16 were paid.

Questioned Cost:

Questioned costs of \$1,315.16 with likely questioned costs of \$20,769.43 were identified for undocumented and/or unallowable expenditures.

Cause:

In discussing these deficiencies with the School District, they indicated that internal control procedures related to Head Start program expenditures were not adequately designed to ensure expenditures are approved, that documentation is properly maintained, and expenditures were allowable.

Effect or Potential Effect:

Failure to ensure that expenditures are approved, documented appropriately, and allowable exposes the School District to unnecessary risk of error and misuse of Federal funds. Additionally, the School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance.

Recommendation:

The School District should review current internal control procedures related to Head Start program expenditures. Where vulnerable, the School District should develop and/or modify its policies and procedures to ensure that all expenditures are reviewed for appropriate documentation, and allowability. Furthermore, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that controls are properly implemented.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FA 2019-002 Improve Controls over Equipment

Compliance Requirement: Equipment and Real Property Management

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance
Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture
Pass-Through Entity: Georgia Department of Education

CFDA Numbers and Title: 10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster
Federal Award Numbers: 195GA324N1099 - School Breakfast Program

195GA324N1099 - National School Lunch Program

Questioned Costs: None Identified Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FA 2018-003

Description:

The policies and procedures of the School District did not provide adequate internal controls over equipment and real property management as it relates to the Child Nutrition Cluster.

Criteria:

2 CFR 200.313(d)(1) states, "Property records must be maintained that include a description of the property, a serial number or other identification number, the source of funding for the property (including the FAIN), who holds title, the acquisition date, and cost of the property, percentage of Federal participation in the project costs for the Federal award under which the property was acquired, the location, use and condition of the property, and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property." In addition, 2 CFR 200.313(d)(2) states, "A physical inventory of the property must be taken and the results reconciled with the property records at least once every two years."

Condition:

The following deficiencies were noted when reviewing the Child Nutrition Cluster equipment listing:

- Property records did not include the following required components: (1) A serial number of other identification number, (2) the source of funding for the property (including the FAIN), (3) percentage of Federal participation in the project costs for the Federal award under which the property was acquired, and (4) use and condition of property.
- There was no evidence that a physical inventory has been performed in either the current year or the previous year.

Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they stated that a physical inventory was performed, but the proper documentation was not completed to document the review. In addition, a lack of resources and inadequate policies and procedures over equipment maintenance contributed to the issues noted.

Effect or Potential Effect:

Failure to maintain a complete and accurate equipment listing and reconcile results of the physical inventory performed to the property records exposes the School District to unnecessary risk of error and misuse of equipment and/or Federal funds. Additionally, the School District is not in compliance with the Uniform Guidance and Georgia Department of Education guidance.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Recommendation:

The School District should develop and maintain an equipment listing that reflects all required information, including a description, an identifying number, the source of funding, the title holder, the acquisition date, the cost, the percentage of Federal participation in the project costs, the location, the use and condition, and any ultimate disposal data for each piece of equipment. In addition, management should implement controls to ensure that a complete physical inventory of equipment is performed at least once every two years.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

FA 2019-003 <u>Strengthen Controls over Matching Requirements</u>

Compliance Requirement: Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Pass-Through Entity: Direct

CFDA Number and Title: 93.600 Head Start Federal Award Number: 04CH4743-04-00 Questioned Costs: None Identified FA 2018-004

Description:

The policies and procedures of the School District did not provide adequate internal controls over the matching requirements associated with the Head Start program.

Criteria:

45 CFR 1302.14(b)(1) states, "A program must ensure at least 10 percent of its total funded enrollment is filled by children eligible from services under IDEA [Individuals with Disabilities Act], unless the responsible HHS official grants a waiver."

Condition:

Our review of the targeted earmarking requirement revealed that the proper number of children eligible for service under the Individuals with Disabilities Act were not enrolled in the Head Start program. The School District was required to enroll a minimum of 18 children with disabilities in the Head Start program to be in compliance with Federal regulations. However, only 9 of these children were enrolled in the program.

Cause:

In discussing this deficiency with the School District, they indicated that a waiver for the requirement to enroll the minimum number of children with disabilities was not obtained appropriately.

Effect or Potential Effect:

Failure to ensure that matching requirements are met appropriately may lead to a reduction in funding for the Head Start program in future years and could result in unnecessary financial strains and shortages within the Head Start program fund. Additionally, the School District is not in compliance with Federal regulations specific to the Head Start program.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Recommendation:

The School District should review current internal control procedures related to Head Start program matching requirements and ensure that the appropriate number of children eligible for service under the Individuals with Disabilities Act are enrolled in the program or a waiver is obtained in the future. Furthermore, management should develop and implement a monitoring process to ensure that controls are properly implemented.

Views of Responsible Officials:

We concur with this finding.

SECTION V MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION



Ms. Miranda Wilson, Ed.S. Superintendent of Schools

Annie S. Ingram Chairperson of Hancock County Board of Education

Devincey Holsey Vice-Chairperson -District 2

<u>Board Members</u> Anthony Gilchrist- District 1

Mary T. Jackson- District 3

Glashandrian Bell-District 4

Vision:

The Hancock County School District is committed to providing each student with a well-rounded educational program, leading to college entrance and/or career pathways which will foster economic independence and social responsibility in the twenty-first century. In addition, a partnership of staff, parents and community stakeholders will prepare students to become responsible citizens and productive members of the communities in which they live and work.

Hancock County Board of Education

"Barking our Way to New Beginnings...Lifelong-Bulldog STRONG!"

10571 Highway 15 North ● P.O. Box 488 ● Sparta, GA 31087 Phone: (706) 444-5775 ● Fax: (706) 444-7026 www.hancock.k12.ga.us

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

FS 2019-001 <u>Internal Controls over School Activity Accounts</u>

Control Category: Cash and Cash Equivalents/ Revenues/

Receivables/Receipts Expenditures/

Liabilities/ Disbursements General Ledger

Internal Control Impact: Material Weakness

Compliance Impact: None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2018-002, FS 2017-003, FS 2016-

003, FS 2015-003, FS 2014-003, and

FS 6701-13-03

Corrective Action Plans:

The Hancock County School District has established procedures to ensure that disbursements and receipts of funds within the school activity accounts are adequately documented and recorded in the financial records. The School District has established a monitoring process to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are processed according to established procedures and that cash accounts are reconciled in a timely manner.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2020

Contact Person: Matthias Jones, Finance Director

Telephone: 706-444-5775 Ext. 125

E-mail: mjones@hancock.k12.ga.us

FS 2019-002 <u>Internal Controls over Capital Assets</u>

Control Category: Capital Assets

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: None

Repeat of Prior Year Finding: FS 2018-003, FS 2017-005, FS

2016-005, FS 2015-005, FS 2014-

008, and FS 6701-13-08

Corrective Action Plans:

The Hancock County School District has updated the internal control procedures related to capital assets to ensure that all procedures are being implemented and operating effectively. An administrative review will be performed to ensure the accuracy of capital asset records and to make appropriate adjustments to ensure capital assets records and procedures for maintaining capital assets conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2020

Contact Person: Matthias Jones, Finance Director

Telephone: 706-444-5775 Ext. 125 **E-mail**: mjones@hancock.k12.ga.us



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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

FA 2019-001

Improve Controls over Expenditures

Compliance Requirement:

Activities Allowed or Unallowed Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Internal Control Impact:

Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact:

Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency:

U.S. Department of Health and Human

Services

Pass-Through Entity:

Direct

CFDA Number and Title: Federal Award Number: **Questioned Costs:**

93.600 Head Start 04CH4743-04-00

\$1,315

Corrective Action Plans:

The Hancock County School District is in the process of updating the policies and procedures manual and will establish internal controls procedures to ensure all expenditures are adequately documented, allowable, and agree with supporting documentation.

Estimated Completion Date:

June 30, 2020

Contact Person:

Dr. Angela Primus, EHS/HS/PK Director

Telephone: E-mail:

706-444-5775 Ext. 240 aprimus@hancock.k12.ga.us

FA 2019-002

Improve Controls over Equipment

Compliance Requirement: Internal Control Impact:

Equipment and Real Property Management

Compliance Impact:

Significant Deficiency

Federal Awarding Agency:

Nonmaterial Noncompliance U.S. Department of Agriculture Georgia Department of Education

Pass-Through Entity: **CFDA Number and Title:**

Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA 10.553 & 10.555)

Federal Award Number:

195GA324N1099 - School Breakfast Program 195GA324N1100 - National

School Lunch Program

Questioned Costs:

None Identified

Corrective Action Plans:

The Hancock County School District is in the process of updating the policies and procedures manual and will establish internal controls procedures to improve controls over equipment related to School Nutrition.

Estimated Completion Date:

June 30, 2020

Contact Person:

Linton Ingram, Nutrition Director

Telephone: E-mail:

lingram@hancock.k12.ga.us

706-444-5775 Ext. 129



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FA 2019-003 Strengthen Controls over Matching Requirements

Compliance Requirement: Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking

Internal Control Impact: Significant Deficiency

Compliance Impact: Nonmaterial Noncompliance

Federal Awarding Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Pass-Through Entity: Direct

CFDA Number and Title: 93.600 Head Start **Federal Award Number:** 04CH4743-04-00

Questioned Costs: None Identified

Corrective Action Plans:

The Hancock County School District is in the process of updating the policies and procedures manual and will establish internal controls procedures to ensure earmarking requirements are met for the Head Start Program.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2020

Contact Person: Angela Primus, EHS/HS/PK Director

Telephone: 706-444-5775 Ext. 240
E-mail: aprimus@hancock.k12.ga.us

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS- Hancock County Schools 3 of 4



Ms. Miranda Wilson, Ed.S. Superintendent of Schools

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motther Jones	8/26/20
Signature of Finance Director	Date

Myanda 30im

Signature of Superintendent of Schools

Date