

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION PRESTON, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 4-101 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Webster County Board of Education

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Webster County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 10, 2021 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and

grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Sheger Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

September 10, 2021

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Webster County Board of Education's (the System) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Comparative data is provided for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the System's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the System's financial performance.

In fiscal year 2015, the System adopted the Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contribution Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The adoption of these statements has a significant negative impact on the System's government-wide financial statements. The System's fund financial statements were not affected by implementation of GASB No. 68 or GASB No. 71.

In fiscal year 2018, the System adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than *Pensions*. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the System's governmental-wide financial statements. The System's fund financial statements were not affected by implementation of GASB No. 75.

In fiscal year 2020, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The primary objective of this statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for period beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The School District delayed the adoption of GASB Statement No. 90 and GASB Statement No. 84.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- The total assets and deferred outflows of the System increased by \$867 thousand, which was primarily noted as due to increases in cash available, accounts receivable and deferred outflows related to the defined benefit pension plan.
- Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased for the year by \$56 thousand, primarily due to reduction of general long-term debt of \$222 thousand and a decrease in liabilities associated with OPEB and pension funds of \$418 thousand.
- The combination of the increase in total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$867 thousand and the decrease in total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$56 thousand yields an increase in net position of \$0.9 million.
- At June 30, 2020, the System's general fund reported a fund balance of \$4.0 million, an increase of \$0.7 million from the prior fiscal year. Of this total, all but \$89 thousand represents unassigned fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the System's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the System's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the System's assets, deferred inflows/outflows, and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the System is improving or deteriorating. It is important to note that this statement consolidates the System's current financial resources (short-term) with capital assets and long-term liabilities.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the System's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes, etc.)

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been separated for specific activities or objectives. The System, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the System can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Most of the System's activities are reported in governmental funds focusing on how money flows in and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the System's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The System is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others such as club and class funds and payroll withholding funds. The System is responsible for ensuring assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom assets belong.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2020, System assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.2 million, primarily due to cash on hand and the net investment in capital assets.

Net position of \$4.4 million represents the System's investments in capital assets (e.g. buildings, land, land improvements, equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that remain outstanding. The System uses the capital assets to provide services to our students, faculty, and community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The following table details the major categories of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position with a comparison to the prior fiscal year.

		Governmenta	I Activities
	-	Fiscal	Fiscal
	-	Year 2020	Year 2019
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$	5,025,867 \$	4,396,348
Capital Assets, Net	-	5,451,074	5,551,474
Total Assets	-	10,476,941	9,947,822
Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	1,327,810	989,984
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities		508,333	459,111
Long-Term Liabilities	-	7,833,040	8,473,353
Total Liabilities	-	8,341,373	8,932,464
Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	2,214,988	1,679,910
Net Assets			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,434,108	4,279,282
Restricted		423,573	582,901
Unrestricted (Deficit)	-	(3,609,291)	(4,536,751)
Total Net Position	\$_	1,248,390 \$	325,432

Table 1 Net Position

Unrestricted net position may be used to meet ongoing obligations and operations of the System.

An additional portion of the System's total net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Comprising the majority of restricted net position is net position being accumulated to fund debt service payments on general obligation bonds, which represented 76.6% of total restricted net position. Second, net position for capital outlay projects represented 17.4% of total restricted net position. The remaining 6.0% represents funds restricted for ongoing federal programs.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION FROM OPERATING RESULTS

Net position increased \$0.9 million from operating results in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 compared to an increase of \$1.6 million in the prior fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows on the next table:

Table 2 Change in Net Position

		Government	al Activities
	-	Fiscal	Fiscal
		Year 2020	Year 2019
Revenues	-		
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$	51,999 \$	5 79,676
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,046,287	3,241,799
Capital Grants and Contributions		54,007	96,752
	-		
Total Program Revenues	-	3,152,293	3,418,227
General Revenues:			
Taxes			
Property Taxes			
For Maintenance and Operations		1,983,940	2,009,095
For Debt Service		48,746	62,176
Railroad Cars		4,569	4,374
Sales Taxes			
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax			
For Debt Service		192,753	192,846
Other Sales Tax		13,511	11,644
Grants and Contributions not restricted to			
Specific Programs		-	22,880
Investment Earnings		4,923	9,783
Miscellaneous	-	40,659	68,536
Total General Revenues		2,289,101	2,381,334
Total Revenues		5,441,394	5,799,561
Total Nevenues	-	3,441,394	3,799,301
Program Expenses			
Instruction		2,860,225	2,607,298
Support Services			
Pupil Services		112,634	112,120
Improvement of Instructional Services		21,903	35,733
Educational Media Services		49,646	59,498
General Administration		352,152	356,409
School Administration		234,360	220,372
Business Administration		83,274	78,932
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		339,960	277,253
Student Transportation Services		156,367	148,607
Other Support Services		15,113	13,142
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Food Services		234,363	231,801
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	58,439	69,653
Total Expenses	-	4,518,435	4,210,818
Increase in Net Assets	\$	922,958 \$	1,588,743

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SYSTEM'S FUNDS

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The System's budget is prepared in accordance with Georgia law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The System uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting system is designed to tightly control site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. As originally adopted, general fund revenues were projected to be \$3.9 million with appropriated expenditures totaling \$4.5 million, down from the fiscal year 2019 final amended budget.

As fiscal year 2020 progressed, the final amended general fund budget increased \$0.4 million for revenues, an increase of 11.3% from the original budget for the year. The reason for the amendment was to adjust federal grants from estimates to actual awarded amounts.

The original budget for fiscal year 2020 included appropriated expenditures of \$4.5 million, which was \$0.1 million less than the 2019 final budget appropriated expenditures of \$4.6 million. The final amended budget was increased from the original budget by \$0.4 million. Adjustments were made to bring the original budget for fiscal year 2020 more in line with expected expenditures for fiscal year 2020.

General Fund Operations

The general fund finished fiscal year 2020 with a fund balance of \$4.0 million, an increase of \$0.7 million or 19.9%, from fiscal year 2019. Actual revenues were above budget projections by \$0.8 million while actual expenditures were \$0.5 million less than budgeted. Several important factors led to the actual results for the year.

Local revenue sources represented 40.4% of total general fund revenues for the year, up from 39.4% in the prior year. Local revenues ended the year above budgeted projections because property tax collections were more than projected by \$0.7 million. The remainder of local revenues consisted of other taxes, interest and miscellaneous items.

At year end, total expenditures were under budget by \$0.5 million. The significant changes occurred in the functions of instruction and maintenance and operations due to changes in assignments and responsibilities.

Expenditures for direct classroom instruction (e.g. teacher salaries and benefits, textbooks, software, classroom supplies, etc.) accounted for 64.0% of total general fund expenditures, up from 62.7% in the prior fiscal year. Employee benefits again saw increases in fiscal year 2020. The employer share for Teachers Retirement contribution increased from 20.90% in fiscal year 2019 to 21.14% in fiscal year 2020.

The following table details the major components of revenues and expenditures by function for fiscal year 2020 as well as a comparison of changes compared to the previous fiscal year.

Table 3 General Fund Revenue and Expenditure Comparison

				Increase (Decrease)
				over
_	_	Amount	Total	Fiscal Year 2019
Revenues				
State	\$	2,675,726	51.64% \$	(284,419)
Federal		412,533	7.96%	9,725
Local	_	2,093,465	40.40%	(94,275)
Total Revenue	\$_	5,181,724	100.00% \$	(368,969)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction		2,883,747	64.00%	207,424
Support Services		_,,		
Pupil Services		118,725	2.63%	(176)
Improvement of Instructional Services		21,903	0.49%	(20,594)
Educational Media Services		55,677	1.24%	(11,342)
General Administration		361,472	8.02%	(12,982)
School Administration		253,250	5.62%	770
Business Administration		88,930	1.97%	5,793
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		349,282	7.75%	44,377
Student Transportation Services		127,121	2.82%	15,708
Other Support Services		15,113	0.34%	1,971
Operations of Non-Instructional Services				
Food Services		230,766	5.12%	4,051
Total Expenditures	\$_	4,505,986	100.00% \$	235,000

Capital Projects Fund Operations

The capital projects fund is used to account for school construction and the purchase of large capital assets. Improvements in 2020 included the lease purchase of technology equipment.

Debt Service Fund Operations

The debt service fund is used to accumulate resources for the retirement of long-term debt represented by the general obligation bonds outstanding. Debt service payments totaling \$0.3 million in principal and interest charges on the 2005 Refunding Bond Series were made during the year. All fiscal year 2020 debt service sinking fund requirements were met at the end of fiscal year 2020.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The System's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, totaled \$5.5 million, net of accumulated depreciation. The investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles, and equipment used in providing services to our students and community. The majority of changes to the System's capital asset accounts came from current year depreciation expense. Note 5 to the basic financial statements provides additional information on the System's capital assets including a detailed breakdown of the types of capital assets included in the computation of depreciation charges. As of June 30, 2020, 39.0% of the cost basis of depreciable assets had been taken as a depreciation charge since the various assets were placed in service.

A summary of capital assets follows:

Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities					
	_	Fiscal Fiscal					
	_	Year 2020	Year 2019				
	_						
Land	\$	190,636	\$	190,636			
Building and Improvements		4,944,779		5,012,391			
Equipment		238,417		264,957			
Land Improvements	_	77,242		83,490			
	_						
Total	\$	5,451,074	\$	5,551,474			

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2020, the System had \$1.10 million in outstanding general obligation bond and capital lease indebtedness. Additional information on the System's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Table 5 Debt at June 30

		Governmental Activities						
	_	Fiscal	Fiscal					
	-	Year 2020	Year 2019					
General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,025,000 \$	1,320,000					
Capital Leases	_	72,631						
Total	\$_	1,097,631 \$	5 1,320,000					

Current Issues

The Webster County School District is a low income, rural county school district. The majority of students are economically disadvantaged. The student population is 46% African-American, 42% Caucasian, 8% Hispanic, 0.5% American Indian, 0.5% Asian and 3% other. The System is located in an area where agriculture is the primary industry. Despite limited financial resources, system and school personnel manage to maximize the funds in order to benefit all students. The System has planned extensively to use its supplemental resources to support class size reduction, recruitment, retention and professional development of highly qualified staff. The System, while small, offers students a variety of instructional programs and extra-curricular opportunities.

The System has faced severe financial challenges in recent years but has remained relatively stable and financially sound. The financial challenges have included rising costs in employee benefits, the continued state formula allotment reductions, a slow decline in student enrollment (FTE) and the impact of coronavirus.

The System's current millage rate for the 2019 tax year is 17.467, which is unchanged from 2016. The millage rate includes 16.959 for maintenance and operations and 0.508 for debt service.

Outlook for the Future

The System enjoys a strong financial position in light of current economic conditions affecting local revenues as well as the effect of state revenue pressures through austerity reductions to the QBE funding formula and new programmatic requirements.

At this time, the objective is to maintain a strong financial condition to better address any further cutbacks in State funding that could have an adverse effect on operations and financial reserves. The System continues to fluctuate in growth but not at the rate experienced in past years. System FTE for the fiscal year 2021 is 278. In 2020, the count was 292 as compared to 298 in 2019. Therefore, we strive for student enrollment to slightly increase in the foreseeable future with positive programs being added to meet the area workforce and needs of the student and community.

The System recognizes its responsibility to the taxpayers in overseeing the spending of Federal, state and local funds. The System is striving to maintain sound fiscal management while emphasizing student achievement. The System is committed to creating, building and sustaining a culturally and economically sensitive environment that provides equal access to a high standard of educational success for all students.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with ageneral overview of the System's finances and to show the System's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Dr. Dorothy Young Ingram, Interim Superintendent, or Lesley Hill, Finance Director Webster County Board of Education 7307 Washington Street Preston, Georgia WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	_	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,383,702.46
Receivables, Net		,,
Taxes		374,070.50
State Government		199,479.00
Federal Government		49,905.90
Inventories		12,123.84
Prepaid Items		6,585.51
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable		190,635.71
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	_	5,260,438.55
Total Assets		10,476,941.47
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Charge on Debt Refunding		31,871.71
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		1,118,412.00
Related to OPEB Plan	_	177,526.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	1,327,809.71
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		27,865.29
Salaries and Benefits Payable		463,384.55
Interest Payable		17,083.33
Net Pension Liability		3,986,816.00
Net OPEB Liability		2,748,593.00
Long-Term Liabilities		
Due Within One Year		337,132.71
Due in More Than One Year	_	760,498.01
Total Liabilities		8,341,372.89
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan		783,177.00
Related to OPEB Plan	_	1,431,811.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	2,214,988.00
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,434,107.97
Restricted for		
Continuation of Federal Programs		25,114.41
Debt Service		324,575.20
Capital Projects		73,883.36
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(3,609,290.65)
Total Net Position	\$	1,248,390.29

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				PROGRAM REVENUES					NET (EXPENSES)
			-			OPERATING		CAPITAL	REVENUES
				CHARGES FOR		GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND	AND CHANGES IN
	_	EXPENSES		SERVICES		CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS	NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$	2,860,225.14	\$	49,349.68	\$	1,931,262.59	\$	40,206.53	\$ (839,406.34)
Support Services									
Pupil Services		112,633.68		-		69,219.71		-	(43,413.97)
Improvement of Instructional Services		21,903.27		-		28,175.96		-	6,272.69
Educational Media Services		49,645.77		-		44,156.00		-	(5,489.77)
General Administration		352,152.59		-		394,211.00		338.74	42,397.15
School Administration		234,359.63		-		247,554.00		-	13,194.37
Business Administration		83,274.07		-		1,161.47		-	(82,112.60)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		339,959.82		-		85,911.90		-	(254,047.92)
Student Transportation Services		156,366.84		-		62,877.59		10,822.80	(82,666.45)
Other Support Services		15,113.00		-		-		-	(15,113.00)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services									
Food Services		234,363.41		2,649.00		181,757.01		2,638.93	(47,318.47)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		58,438.75		-		-		-	(58,438.75)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	4,518,435.97	\$	51,998.68	\$	3,046,287.23	\$	54,007.00	(1,366,143.06)

Taxes	
Property Taxes	
For Maintenance and Operations	1,983,939.84
For Debt Services	48,745.48
Railroad Cars	4,569.03
Sales Taxes	
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	
For Debt Services	192,753.33
Other Sales Tax	13,511.13
Investment Earnings	4,922.86
Miscellaneous	40,659.25
Total General Revenues	2,289,100.92
Change in Net Position	922,957.86
let Position - Beginning of Year	325,432.43

Net Position - End of Year

\$ 1,248,390.29

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net	\$	3,988,673.61	\$	159,157.30 \$	235,871.55	\$ 4,383,702.46
Taxes		353,557.46		17,534.06	2,978.98	374,070.50
State Government		199,479.00		-	-	199,479.00
Federal Government		49,905.90		-	-	49,905.90
Inventories Prepaid Items		12,123.84 3,988.04		2,597.47	-	12,123.84 6,585.51
Frepaiu items	-	3,908.04	· _	2,391.41		0,363.51
Total Assets	\$_	4,607,727.85	\$	179,288.83 \$	238,850.53	\$ 5,025,867.21
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	27,865.29	\$	- \$	-	\$ 27,865.29
Salaries and Benefits Payable	_	463,384.55		-	-	463,384.55
Total Liabilities	_	491,249.84		-		491,249.84
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		28,203.74		-	1,158.53	29,362.27
Unavailable Revenue - Grants	_	10,920.05		-	-	10,920.05
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	39,123.79		-	1,158.53	40,282.32
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		16,111.88		2,597.47	-	18,709.35
Restricted		12,990.57		176,691.36	237,692.00	427,373.93
Assigned		59,903.41		-	-	59,903.41
Unassigned	_	3,988,348.36	·	-	-	3,988,348.36
Total Fund Balances	-	4,077,354.22	· _	179,288.83	237,692.00	4,494,335.05
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	¢	4 007 707 07	•	470.000.00	000 050 50	• <u> </u>
and Fund Balances	\$ =	4,607,727.85	\$	179,288.83 \$	238,850.53	\$ 5,025,867.21

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")		\$ 4,494,335.05
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land Buildings and improvements Equipment Land improvements Accumulated depreciation	\$ 190,635.71 7,085,848.42 1,401,339.52 131,289.16 (3,358,038.55)	5,451,074.26
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$ (3,986,816.00) (2,748,593.00)	(6,735,409.00)
Deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future periods and are therefore not reported in the funds and are amortized over the life of the new debt.		31,871.71
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions Related to OPEB	\$ 335,235.00 (1,254,285.00)	(919,050.00)
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		29,362.27
Federal grants that are not available to pay current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		10,920.05
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable Accrued interest payable Capital leases payable	\$ (1,025,000.00) (17,083.33) (72,630.72)	 (1,114,714.05)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A")		\$ 1,248,390.29

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES					
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$	1,983,417.52 \$ 13,118.19 2,675,725.74 412,533.44 51,998.68 4,271.44 40,659.29	- \$ 	48,613.97 \$ 193,146.25 - - 189.22 -	2,032,031.49 206,264.44 2,675,725.74 412,533.44 51,998.68 4,922.86 40,659.29
Total Revenues	_	5,181,724.30	462.20	241,949.44	5,424,135.94
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction Support Services		2,883,747.16	89,122.45	-	2,972,869.61
Pupil Services		118,724.62	-	-	118,724.62
Improvement of Instructional Services		21,903.27	-	-	21,903.27
Educational Media Services		55,677.45	-	-	55,677.45
General Administration School Administration		361,471.89 253,249.92	-	-	361,471.89 253,249.92
Business Administration		88,930.19	-	-	88,930.19
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		349,281.48	-	-	349,281.48
Student Transportation Services		127,121.39	-	-	127,121.39
Other Support Services		15,113.00	-	-	15,113.00
Food Services Operation		230,766.19	-	-	230,766.19
Debt Service			10 101 70	005 000 00	244 404 72
Principal Interest		-	16,491.73 519.50	295,000.00 46,900.00	311,491.73
interest	-		519.50	40,900.00	47,419.50
Total Expenditures	-	4,505,986.56	106,133.68	341,900.00	4,954,020.24
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	_	675,737.74	(105,671.48)	(99,950.56)	470,115.70
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Capital Leases Transfers In		-	89,122.45	- 128,646.69	89,122.45 128,646.69
Transfers Out	_		(128,646.69)		(128,646.69)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	<u> </u>	(39,524.24)	128,646.69	89,122.45
Net Change in Fund Balances		675,737.74	(145,195.72)	28,696.13	559,238.15
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	3,401,616.48	324,484.55	208,995.87	3,935,096.90
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	4,077,354.22 \$	179,288.83 \$	237,692.00 \$	4,494,335.05

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		\$	559,238.15
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 102,747.92 (203,148.13)	-	(100,400.21)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			5,222.84
Federal grants reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			10,920.05
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.			
Capital leases issued Amortization of deferred charge on refunding of bonds Bond principal retirements Capital lease payments	\$ (89,122.45) (15,935.92) 295,000.00 16,491.73		206,433.36
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension expense OPEB expense	\$ 63,576.00 173,051.00	-	236,627.00
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Accrued interest on issuance of bonds			4,916.67
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")		\$	922,957.86

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	CUSTODIAL FUNDS
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	23,083.05
LIABILITIES		
Funds Held for Others	\$	23,083.05

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

REPORTING ENTITY

The Webster County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (property and sales) legally restricted for the payment of general long-term principal and interest.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

• Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In fiscal year 2020, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The primary objective of this statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for period beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

INVENTORIES

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	 Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 5,000.00	N/A
Land Improvements	\$ 10,000.00	Up to 60 years
Buildings and	\$ 5,000.00	Up to 60 years
Equipment	\$ 5,000.00	5 to 20 years
Intangible Assets	\$ 200,000.00	Useful life

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND BOND DISCOUNTS/PREMIUMS

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions

to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

PROPERTY TAXES

The Webster County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2019 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 20, 2019 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2019. Taxes were due on December 20, 2019. Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2019 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2020. The Webster County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$1,843,011.78 and for school bonds amounted to \$48,613.97.

The tax millage rates levied for the 2019 tax year (calendar year) for the School District were as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations	16.959	mills
School Bonds	0.508	mills
		-
	17.467	mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$135,836.73 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$193,146.25 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the funds listed on the schedule, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

(1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,

- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association.

CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2020, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$4,406,785.51 and a bank balance of \$4,488,681.37. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$250,000.00 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial in the School District's name were \$4,238,681.37.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	Balances July 1, 2019		Increases		Decreases		Balances June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 190,635.71	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	190,635.71
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings and Improvements	7,020,910.42		64,938.00		-		7,085,848.42
Equipment	1,363,529.60		37,809.92		-		1,401,339.52
Land Improvements	131,289.16		-		-		131,289.16
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements	2,008,519.50		132,550.04		-		2,141,069.54
Equipment	1,098,571.82		64,350.73		-		1,162,922.55
Land Improvements	47,799.10		6,247.36	_	-		54,046.46
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	5,360,838.76	. .	(100,400.21)	-	-		5,260,438.55
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$ 5,551,474.47	\$	(100,400.21)	\$	-	\$	5,451,074.26

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	151,237.42
Support Services			
General Administration	\$ 1,274.19		
Student Transportation Services	 40,710.14		41,984.33
Food Services		_	9,926.38
		\$_	203,148.13
		_	

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

	Transfers Fron			
Transfers to	Capital Projects Fund			
Debt Service Fund	\$	128,646.69		

Transfers are used to move ESPLOST funds collected by the capital projects fund to the debt service fund to cover debt service requirements.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

			Governmental Activit	ties	
	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds Capital Leases	\$ 1,320,000.00 	\$ <u>89,122.45</u>	\$ 295,000.00 \$ 16,491.73	\$ 1,025,000.00 \$ 72,630.72	320,000.00 17,132.71
	\$	\$ 89,122.45	\$\$311,491.73\$	\$\$\$	337,132.71

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT OUTSTANDING

The School District's bonded debt consists of an issue of general obligation bonds that is generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes and sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2020. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest				Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
General Government - Refunding - Series 2005	4.00%	4/14/2005	8/1/2022 \$	3,360,000.00 \$	1,025,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

	General Obligation Debt			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal	_	Interest
2021	\$	320,000.00	\$	34,600.00
2022		340,000.00		21,400.00
2023		365,000.00		7,300.00
Total Principal and Interest	\$	1,025,000.00	\$	63,300.00

CAPITAL LEASES

The School District has acquired equipment under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as a capital lease for accounting purposes because it provides for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The following assets were acquired through the capital lease and are reflected in the capital asset note at fiscal year-end:

	 Governmental Activities
Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 23,838.00 2,359.96
	\$ 21,478.04

During the current fiscal year, the School District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment at a cost of \$89,122.45. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest					Amount
Purpose	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	_	Outstanding
Dell Financial Services	3.82%	1/24/2020	1/24/2025	\$ 89,122.45	\$	72,630.72

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	 Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 17,132.71 \$	2,475.99
2022	17,798.60	1,810.10
2023	18,490.38	1,118.32
2024	19,209.03	399.67
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 72,630.72 \$	5,804.08

The following is a schedule of total capital lease payments:

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

INSURANCE

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program to reduce the risk of loss from employee accidents. The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. The Fund provides statutory limits of coverage for Workers' Compensation coverage and a \$2,000,000 limit per occurrence for Employers' Liability coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement between the Fund and the Safety National Casualty Corporation to limit the Fund's exposure to large losses.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District elects to pay unemployment insurance taxes using the contributory method. Taxes are paid quarterly to the Georgia Department of Labor using a set rate based on historical experience.

SURETY BOND

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	-	Amount				
Superintendent	\$	100,000.00				

NOTE 9: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2020:

Nonspendable				
Inventories	\$	12,123.84		
Prepaid Assets		6,585.51	\$	18,709.35
Restricted				
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$	12,990.57		
Capital Projects		73,883.36		
Debt Service	_	340,500.00		427,373.93
Assigned				
School Activity Accounts				59,903.41
Unassigned			_	3,988,348.36
			_	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2020			\$	4,494,335.05

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

NOTE 10: BROADBAND SPECTRUM LEASE

Effective March 12, 2007, the School District entered into a 10-year lease agreement with Utopian Wireless Corporation, that was renewed for an additional ten years, for the lease of excess spectrum capacity on Education Broadband Service licenses currently held by School District. These licenses were granted to the School District by the Federal Communications Commission. The lease agreement requires monthly lease payments over the term of the lease, of which \$7,200.00 was recognized during fiscal year 2020 as a general revenue on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

OPERATING LEASES

The School District leases copiers under the provisions of one or more long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases totaled \$11,802.60 for governmental for the year ended June 30, 2020. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2020:

(Governmental
	Activities
\$	11,310.00
	11,310.00
	10,367.50
\$	32,987.50
	\$

NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

NOTE 13: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$76,087.00 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported a liability of \$2,748,593.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the School District's proportion was 0.022397%, which was a decrease of 0.001729% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$(96.964.00). At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPEB		
		Deferred Def		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	299,018.00
Changes of assumptions		95,453.00		387,465.00
Net difference between projected and actual		F 000 00		
earnings on OPEB plan investments		5,986.00		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
School District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		-		745,328.00
School District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	76,087.00		-
Total	\$	177 526 00	\$	1 431 811 00
Total	\$	177,526.00	\$	1,431,811.0

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 OPEB
2021	\$ (293,640.00)
2022	\$ (293,640.00)
2023	\$ (293,870.00)
2024	\$ (264,495.00)
2025	\$ (152,147.00)
Thereafter	\$ (32,580.00)

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation

Healthcare cost trend rate							
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.250%						
Medicare Eligible	5.375%						
Ultimate trend rate							
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%						
Medicare Eligible	4.75%						
Year of Ultimate trend rate							
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2028						
Medicare Eligible	2022						

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014, and adopted by the pension Board on December 17, 2015. The next experience study for TRS will be for the period ending June 30, 2018.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by

adding expected inflation. During fiscal year 2018, the School OPEB fund updated their investment strategy to a more long-term approach. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	(0.10)%
Domestic Stocks Large Cap	46.20%	8.90%
Domestic Stocks Small Cap	1.30%	13.20%
Int'l Stocks - Developed Mkt	12.40%	8.90%
Int'l Stocks - Emerging Mkt	5.10%	10.90%
Alternatives	5.00%	12.00%
Total	100.00%	

*Net of Inflation

Discount Rate: The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.87% to 3.58%. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.50% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2119. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2026. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
	_	(2.58%)	_	(3.58%)	_	(4.58%)
School District's proportionate			-		_	
share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,194,771.00	\$	2,748,593.00	\$	2,385,646.00

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare							
		1% Decrease	_	1% Increase				
School District's proportionate								
share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,315,398.00	\$	2,748,593.00	\$	3,298,782.00		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is publicly available at <u>https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports</u>.

NOTE 14: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A. §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2020. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 21.14% of annual School District payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$504,427.00 from the School District.

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.25, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined

and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$3,300.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported a liability of \$3,986,816.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS and ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.018541%, which was a decrease of 0.003477% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2020, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$14,316.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of \$440,851.00 for TRS and \$4,415.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$4,415.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia.

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		TRS				
	-	Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Outflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	224,717.00	\$	1,182.00		
Changes of assumptions		382,587.00		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		94,938.00		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,681.00		687,057.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	504,427.00		-		
Total	\$_	1,118,412.00	\$	783,177.00		

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 TRS
2021	\$ 17,698.00
2022	\$ (160,838.00)
2023	\$ (31,626.00)
2024	\$ 5,574.00

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% – 8.75%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries'

projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014, with the exception of the assumed rate of return.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014, with the exception of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.10)%
Domestic large stocks	51.00%	46.20%	8.90%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.30%	13.20%
International developed market stocks	12.40%	12.40%	8.90%
International emerging market stocks	5.10%	5.10%	10.90%
Alternative		5.00%	12.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

* Rates shown are net of assumed rate of inflation.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at

the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)		
School District's proportionate						
share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,471,770.00	\$	3,986,816.00	\$	1,943,302.00	

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at <u>www.trsga.com/publications</u> and <u>www.ers.ga.gov/financials</u>.

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WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	propo	School District's rtionate share of the it pension liability	-	School District's covered payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2020	0.018541%	\$	3,986,816.00	\$	2,262,746.51	176.19%	78.56%	
2019	0.022018%	\$	4,087,012.00	\$	2,626,961.64	155.58%	80.27%	
2018	0.022915%	\$	4,258,823.00	\$	2,631,152.72	161.86%	79.33%	
2017	0.024233%	\$	4,999,538.00	\$	2,658,063.27	188.09%	76.06%	
2016	0.024059%	\$	3,662,744.00	\$	2,539,548.49	144.23%	81.44%	
2015	0.025179%	\$	3,181,035.00	\$	2,568,752.17	123.84%	84.03%	

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	prop	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		te of Georgia's ortionate share of et pension liability ociated with the chool District	 Total		chool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	14,316.00	\$ 14,316.00	\$	40,576.05	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	13,563.00	\$ 13,563.00	\$	42,853.58	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	16,338.00	\$ 16,338.00	\$	52,923.31	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	32,442.00	\$ 32,442.00	\$	91,583.14	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	27,742.00	\$ 27,742.00	\$	120,701.44	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$		\$	29,953.00	\$ 29,953.00	\$	122,376.32	N/A	88.29%

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	prop	School District's portionate share of net OPEB liability	prop the as	tate of Georgia's portionate share of e net OPEB liability sociated with the School District	Total		School District's covered-employee payroll		School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2020	0.022397%	\$	2,748,593.00	\$	-	\$	2,748,593.00	\$	2,079,593.89	132.17%	4.63%
2019	0.024126%	\$	3,066,341.00	\$	-	\$	3,066,341.00	\$	2,337,232.56	131.20%	2.93%
2018	0.028259%	\$	3,970,378.00	\$	-	\$	3,970,378.00	\$	2,344,292.22	169.36%	1.61%

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	ractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		School District's covered payroll		Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2020	\$ 504,427.00	\$	504,427.00	\$	-	\$	2,386,127.86	21.14%	
2019	\$ 472,914.00	\$	472,914.00	\$	-	\$	2,262,746.51	20.90%	
2018	\$ 441,592.00	\$	441,592.00	\$	-	\$	2,626,961.64	16.81%	
2017	\$ 375,465.00	\$	375,465.00	\$	-	\$	2,631,152.72	14.27%	
2016	\$ 379,306.00	\$	379,306.00	\$	-	\$	2,658,063.27	14.27%	
2015	\$ 333,950.60	\$	333,950.60	\$	-	\$	2,539,548.49	13.15%	
2014	\$ 315,442.78	\$	315,442.78	\$	-	\$	2,568,752.17	12.28%	
2013	\$ 302,624.16	\$	302,624.16	\$	-	\$	2,652,271.38	11.41%	
2012	\$ 278,528.48	\$	278,528.48	\$	-	\$	2,709,422.79	10.28%	
2011	\$ 282,294.09	\$	282,294.09	\$	-	\$	2,746,051.46	10.28%	

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Cont	tractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		Сог	ntribution deficiency (excess)	School District's covered-employee payroll		Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2020	\$	76,087.00	\$	76,087.00	\$	-	\$	2,126,073.89	3.58%	
2019	\$	120,626.00	\$	120,626.00	\$	-	\$	2,079,593.89	5.80%	
2018	\$	125,045.00	\$	125,045.00	\$	-	\$	2,337,232.56	5.35%	

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP 2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was revised, for various factors, including the methodology used to determine how employees and retirees were assigned to each of the OPEB Funds and anticipated participation percentages. Current and former employees of State organizations (including technical colleges, community service boards and public health departments) are now assigned to State OPEB fund based on their last employer payroll location; irrespective of retirement affiliation.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, and back to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019.

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		NONAPPROPRIATI	ED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	
	_	ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	1,300,000.00 \$	1,304,373.77	\$ 1,983,417.52 \$	679,043.75	
Sales Taxes		-	-	13,118.19	13,118.19	
State Funds		2,571,001.00	2,641,524.00	2,675,725.74	34,201.74	
Federal Funds		-	370,007.50	412,533.44	42,525.94	
Charges for Services		-	-	51,998.68	51,998.68	
Investment Earnings		-	-	4,271.44	4,271.44	
Miscellaneous	_	64,000.00	65,555.00	40,659.29	(24,895.71)	
Total Revenues		3,935,001.00	4,381,460.27	5,181,724.30	800,264.03	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		3,026,930.00	3,279,364.00	2,883,747.16	395,616.84	
Support Services						
Pupil Services		120,870.00	148,568.00	118,724.62	29,843.38	
Improvement of Instructional Services		6,500.00	38,515.00	21,903.27	16,611.73	
Educational Media Services		103,800.00	103,800.00	55,677.45	48,122.55	
General Administration		401,595.00	401,595.00	361,471.89	40,123.11	
School Administration		273,450.00	273,450.00	253,249.92	20,200.08	
Business Administration		91,295.00	91,295.00	88,930.19	2,364.81	
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		343,400.00	468,655.00	349,281.48	119,373.52	
Student Transportation Services		147,500.00	147,500.00	127,121.39	20,378.61	
Other Support Services		15,000.00	15,000.00	15,113.00	(113.00)	
Food Services Operation			-	230,766.19	(230,766.19)	
Total Expenditures	_	4,530,340.00	4,967,742.00	4,505,986.56	461,755.44	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(595,339.00)	(586,281.73)	675,737.74	1,262,019.47	
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,458,635.71	3,458,635.71	3,401,616.48	(57,019.23)	
Adjustments	_	8,220.62	130,056.98		(130,056.98)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,871,517.33 \$	3,002,410.96	\$ 4,077,354.22 \$	1,074,943.26	

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

(1) Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the funds listed below. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various funds omitted from the budget are as follows:

	Revenues	Expenditures
School Activity Accounts \$	55,865.48 \$	62,629.35
Pre-Kindergarten Program	113,925.74	130,189.67
School Food Service	183,685.09	230,766.18
\$	353,476.31 \$	423,585.20

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		\$ 62,422.29
National School Lunch Program	10.555	205GA324N1099	161,074.54
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			223,496.83
Education, U. S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A180073	20,935.00
Grants to States	84.027	H027A190073	42,646.16
Total Special Education Cluster			63,581.16
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A190010	4,514.00
Education Stabilization Funds	84.425D	S425D200012	1,533.86
Rural Education	84.358	S365B180010	65.00
Rural Education	84.358	S358B190010	4,995.54
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A180011	1,434.00
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A190011	6,999.42
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A180001	4,056.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A190001	8,128.57
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A180010	12,188.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A190010	123,934.60
Total Other Programs			167,848.99
Total U. S. Department of Education			231,430.15
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 454,926.98

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Webster County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE
ENCY/FUNDING		GENERAL FUND
	_	TOND
GRANTS		
Bright From the Start:		
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning		
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	113,925.74
Education, Georgia Department of		
Quality Basic Education		
Direct Instructional Cost		
Kindergarten Program		95,220.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		(1,209.00)
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		281,676.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		8,754.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		95,097.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		54,040.00
Middle School (6-8) Program		227,633.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program		160,060.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		67,151.00
Students with Disabilities		320,469.00
Gifted Student - Category VI		18,386.00
Alternative Education Program		19,176.00
Media Center Program		35,304.00
20 Days Additional Instruction		11,047.00
Staff and Professional Development		5,673.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development		547.00
Indirect Cost		
Central Administration		325,311.00
School Administration		204,197.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations		68,776.00
Mid-term Adjustment Hold-Harmless		51,069.00
Amended Formula Adjustment		(31,086.00)
Categorical Grants		
Pupil Transportation		
Regular		62,425.00
Nursing Services		45,000.00
Sparsity		366,546.00
Other State Programs		
Food Services		6,008.00
Hygiene Products		153.00
School Security Grant		54,007.00
Vocational Education		7,070.00
Office of the State Treasurer		
Public School Employees Retirement		3,300.00

\$ 2,675,725.74

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PRO	JECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
	1 SPLOST REFERENDUM							
(i) (ii)	Acquiring, constructing, equipping and furnishing new school buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including, but not limited to, a new high school and athletic/physical education facilities. Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, demolishing,	\$ 100,000.00 \$	28,533.52 \$	- \$	28,533.52	28,533.52 \$	-	Completed
(,	trunshing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including but not limited to the elementary, middle and high schools.	140,000.00	284,736.70	-	284,736.70	284,736.70		Completed
(iii)	Paying a portion of the debt service on the outstanding Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds previously issued by Webster County School District, the maximum amount of the debt service to be paid with sales tax proceeds to be \$500,000.00.	500,000.00	1,521,814.44	-	1,521,814.44	1,521,814.44	-	Completed
(iv)	Acquiring new technology and software and wiring							
	upgrades.	100,000.00	107,864.82	19,608.70	88,256.12	107,864.82		Completed
(v)	Acquiring real property.	50,000.00		-		-	-	Completed
(vi)	Acquiring new school equipment including, but not limited to, new buses, maintenance vehicles and other school equipment.	50,000.00	117,557.15	-	117,557.15	117,557.15	-	Completed
(vii)	Purchasing textbooks and band instruments.	10,000.00		-		-	-	Completed
(viii)	Acquiring any necessary or desirable property, both real and personal.	50,000.00						Completed
		1,000,000.00	2,060,506.63	19,608.70	2,040,897.93	2,060,506.63		
201	6 SPLOST REFERENDUM							
(i)	Acquiring, constructing, equipping and furnishing new school buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including, but not limited to, a new high school and athletic/physical education facilities.	50,000.00	50,000.00				-	June 2022
(ii)	Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving, demolishing, furnishing, and equipping existing school buildings and other buildings and facilities useful and desirable in connection therewith, including but not limited to the elementary, middle and high schools.	100,000.00	100,000.00		-	-	-	June 2022
(iii)	Paying a portion of the debt service on the outstanding Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds previously issued by Webster County School District, the maximum amount of the debt service to be paid with sales tax proceeds to be efficiency of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the service of the se	1 500 000 00	1 500 000 00	241.000.00	663 200 00			lune 2022
(iv)	\$1,500,000.00. Acquiring new technology, including safety and security	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	341,900.00	662,300.00	-	-	June 2022
(1V)	technology, computer technology and software and wiring upgrades.	100,000.00	100,000.00	-			-	June 2022
(v)	Acquiring real property.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-			-	June 2022
(vi)	Acquiring new school equipment including, but not limited to, new buses, maintenance vehicles and other school equipment.	100,000.00	100,000.00		-	-	-	June 2022
(vii)	Purchasing textbooks and band instruments.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-	-	-	-	June 2022
(viii)	Acquiring any necessary or desirable property, both real and personal.	50,000.00	50,000.00	-	-	-		June 2022
		2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	341,900.00	662,300.00			50110 2022
		2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	371,300.00	002,300.00			

\$ <u>3,000,000.00</u> \$ <u>4,060,506.63</u> \$ <u>361,508.70</u> \$ <u>2,703,197.93</u> \$ <u>3,582,321.07</u> \$ _____

(1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

(2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

(3) The voters of Webster County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND - QUALITY BASIC EDUCATION PROGRAMS (QBE) ALLOTMENTS AND EXPENDITURES - BY PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		ALLOTMENTS FROM GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF	EL	IGIBLE QBE PROGRAM	COSTS
DESCRIPTION	E	DUCATION (1) (2)	SALARIES	OPERATIONS	TOTAL
Direct Instructional Programs Kindergarten Program Primary Grades (1-3) Program Primary Grades-Early Intervention (1-3) Program	\$	113,855.00 344,085.00 16,244.00	296,955.60 98,521.45	6,680.49	303,636.09 98,521.45
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program Upper Elementary Grades-Early Intervention (4-5) Program		116,872.00 72,956.00	371,982.39	5,149.99	377,132.38
Middle School (6-8) Program High School General Education (9-12) Program Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		282,880.00 202,821.00 80,446.00	466,129.24 474,922.81 87,952.82	6,784.97 25,646.23 6,028.47	472,914.21 500,569.04 93,981.29
Students with Disabilities Category III Gifted Student - Category VI Alternative Education Program		386,244.00 - 21,254.00 23,425.00	- 318,925.44 - 92,434.95	- 262.00 102.14	- 319,187.44 102.14 92,434.95
TOTAL DIRECT INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS		1,661,082.00	2,392,895.29	53,614.37	2,446,509.66
Media Center Program Staff and Professional Development	_	43,587.00 6,833.00	49,097.70	6,579.75 581.52	55,677.45 581.52
TOTAL QBE FORMULA FUNDS	\$	1,711,502.00	\$ 2,441,992.99	\$ 60,775.64	\$2,502,768.63

(1) Comprised of State Funds plus Local Five Mill Share.

(2) Allotments do not include the impact of the State amended formula adjustment.

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORT



DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 4-101 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Webster County Board of Education

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Webster County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 10, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Shegers Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

September 10, 2021

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WEBSTER COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

	Type of auditor's report issued: Governmental Activities; All Major Funds; Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified
	Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified? Significant deficiency identified? 	No None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:	No
П	FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	

No matters were reported.