

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT · FISCAL YEAR 2021

Monroe County Board of Education Forsyth, Georgia

Including Independent Auditor's Report

Greg S. Griffin | State Auditor Kristina A. Turner | Deputy State Auditor



Monroe C	County	Board	of	Educ	cation
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Independent Auditor's Report

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Monroe County Board of Education

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Mike Hickman, Superintendent and Members of the
Monroe County Board of Education

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The *Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional

procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 1, 2022 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lliff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

August 1, 2022

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Monroe County Board of Education's (School District) financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal years 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

- ➤ General revenues accounts for \$32.6 million in revenue or 53.7% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$28.1 million or 46.3% of total revenues of \$60.7 million.
- ➤ The School District had \$60.5 million in expenses related to governmental activities; however, \$28.1 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$32.6 million were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the general fund had \$54.5 million in revenues and \$52.8 million in expenditures. The fund balance for the general fund increased to \$5.2 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts; management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The governmental funds statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The fund financial statements reflect the School District's most significant funds. For the years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020, the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund represent the most significant funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities. All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the School District's overall financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Changes may be the result of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District has one distinct type of activity:

➤ Governmental Activities – All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service, student activity accounts and various others.

Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and some by bond requirements. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled to the financial statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal years 2021 and 2020.

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	 Fiscal	Fiscal	
	 Year 2021	_	Year 2020
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 19,680,424	\$	19,551,304
Capital Assets, Net	 60,186,777	_	58,319,918
Total Assets	 79,867,201	_	77,871,222
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	13,080,020		11,618,883
Related to OPEB Plan	8,556,999		2,734,049
	 	_	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	21,637,019		14,352,932
Liabilities		_	
Current and Other Liabilities	7,793,428		7,334,880
Long-Term Liabilities	 95,512,372	_	85,398,787
	 _	_	_
Total Liabilities	 103,305,800	_	92,733,667
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	100,136		1,227,473
Related to OPEB Plan	8,044,894		8,412,872
	 	_	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 8,145,030	_	9,640,345
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	53,890,935		52,882,792
Restricted	4,880,892		3,692,382
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 (68,718,437)	_	(66,725,032)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,946,610)	\$_	(10,149,858)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020.

Table 2 Change in Net Position

		Governmental Activities		
		Fiscal Year 2021		Fiscal Year 2020
Revenues			_	
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	370,541	\$	954,264
Operating Grants and Contributions		26,643,935		24,497,175
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	1,126,926	_	77,220
Total Program Revenues	_	28,141,402	_	25,528,659
General Revenues:				
Taxes				
Property Taxes				
For Maintenance and Operations		25,729,783		23,498,777
Other Taxes		90,823		-
Sales Taxes				
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax				
For Capital Projects		5,433,742		5,135,475
Other Sales Taxes		510,311		343,499
Investment Earnings		6,344		139,118
Miscellaneous		805,412	_	862,983
Total General Revenues	_	32,576,415	_	29,979,852
Total Revenues	_	60,717,817	_	55,508,511
Program Expenses:				
Instruction		37,635,664		33,842,373
Support Services				
Pupil Services		1,809,099		1,822,473
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,666,581		1,584,058
Educational Media Services		783,477		750,679
General Administration		2,231,202		1,765,109
School Administration		2,772,333		2,566,828
Business Administration		606,789		571,795
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,344,442		4,889,381
Student Transportation Services		4,375,279		4,386,011
Central Support Services		12,720		19,913
Other Support Services		11,186		4,647
Operations of Non-Instructional Services				
Enterprise Operations		638,668		908,806
Food Services		2,434,934		2,289,550
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	192,196	_	101,709
Total Expenses	_	60,514,570	_	55,503,332
Increase in Net Position	\$	203,247	\$_	5,179

Program revenues, in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions increased \$2.6 million for governmental activities. This increase is largely due to an increase in funds earned through the State Quality Basic Education (QBE) Funding Formula. This was caused by an increase in our Full Time Equivalent student count and federal revenues.

General revenues increased \$2.6 million during fiscal year 2021 due in part to an increase in the local tax digest.

Governmental Activities

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of S	ervices
		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	_	2021	2020	2021	2020
landon effect	Φ.	27.625.664	22.040.272	40.000.000 A	45 000 040
Instruction	\$	37,635,664 \$	33,842,373 \$	18,688,233 \$	15,800,042
Support Services:					
Pupil Services		1,809,099	1,822,473	1,632,413	1,659,783
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,666,581	1,584,058	1,023,070	1,031,548
Educational Media Services		783,477	750,679	205,643	180,230
General Administration		2,231,202	1,765,109	1,358,612	781,680
School Administration		2,772,333	2,566,828	1,030,574	1,442,035
Business Administration		606,789	571,795	601,970	571,748
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,344,442	4,889,381	3,595,700	3,650,286
Student Transportation Services		4,375,279	4,386,011	3,007,477	3,481,910
Central Support Services		12,720	19,913	12,701	19,233
Other Support Services		11,186	4,647	11,186	4,647
Operations of Non-Instructional Services:					
Enterprise Operations		638,668	908,806	638,668	908,806
Food Services		2,434,934	2,289,550	374,725	341,016
Interest on Long-Term Debt	_	192,196	101,709	192,196	101,709
Total Expenses	\$_	60,514,570 \$	55,503,332 \$	32,373,168 \$	29,974,673

Although program revenues make up more than half of the funding, the School District is still dependent upon tax revenues for governmental activities. For 2021, 54.4% of instruction and support activities were supplemented by taxes and other general revenues compared to 54.8% in 2020.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Total governmental funds had revenues and other financing sources of \$62.8 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$63.0 million. The capital projects fund had an overall decrease of \$1.8 million. The general fund had an overall increase of \$1.6 million. The increase in the general fund for the year is due mostly to increase in local property taxes received.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund, funded primarily through state revenue and local property tax revenue. During the course of fiscal years 2021 and 2020, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed.

For the general fund, the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$49.8 million increased from the original budgeted amount of \$44.6 million. The majority of the variances between final budget and actual revenue are due to increase in funds earned through the State Quality Basic Education (QBE) Funding Formula and federal funds.

The final budgeted expenditures and other financial uses of \$53.6 million was more than the original budgeted amount of \$45.2 million by \$8.4 million. This difference was due mainly to the addition of the Federal Programs to the budget. The actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$52.8 million was \$0.7 million less than budgeted. The majority of the variances between the final budgeted expenditures and actual are due to changes in employee salary and benefit costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the School District had \$60.2 million and \$58.3 million, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. These assets are made up of a broad range of capital assets, including land; buildings; transportation, food service and maintenance equipment. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances, by class, net of accumulated depreciation.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities					
	_	Fiscal		Fiscal			
	_	Year 2021		Year 2020			
	' <u>-</u>						
Land	\$	3,165,429	\$	3,165,429			
Construction In Progress		3,526,200		1,688,075			
Building and Improvements		47,089,332		47,542,094			
Equipment		2,758,876		2,748,867			
Land Improvements	_	3,646,940	_	3,175,453			
	_			_			
Total	\$	60,186,777	\$	58,319,918			

A net increase was made in land improvements (asset category) due to the completion of the Hubbard Middle School demolition and the K.B. Sutton driveway improvement projects. Construction in progress increased primarily due to having several capital projects ongoing.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$8.2 million in total debt outstanding with \$2.6 million due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bond debt outstanding at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Table 5
Debt at June 30

	_	Governmental Activities				
	_	Fiscal Fiscal				
	_	Year 2021 Year 2020				
				_		
Bonds Payable	\$	7,360,000	\$	9,110,000		
Installment Purchase Agreement		683,373		1,004,764		
Capital Leases	_	112,195		243,915		
			_			
Total	\$_	8,155,568	\$	10,358,679		

CURRENT ISSUES

The School District remains financially stable in spite of our initial QBE allotment being cut by \$2.0 million dollars. With the midterm allotment a significant amount of that funding was restored. The federal government also allowed the School District to apply for federal stimulus funds to offset the reduction in state funding. The operating millage rate has remained steady for several years by only taking the rollback rate each year. Fortunately, the increase in the local tax digest has allowed for the current funding levels to hold steady. Along with the uncertainty regarding how School Districts will be funded in the future, it places a challenge on the Board to balance its responsibility to taxpayers and the education of the students.

The School District anticipates challenges going forward, but with an increasing tax base and increase in enrollment the School District feels encouraged in its ability to be good stewards of the tax dollars while continuing to provide a quality education for its students.

Other changes related to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic were enacted by the School District to start the 2020 - 2021 school year. The spread of COVID-19 has had a negative impact on virtually all businesses and individuals which comprise the tax base of all levels of government. The School District started the fiscal year 21 school year with the middle and high schools meeting virtually. The elementary schools remained face to face but gave parents an option of attending virtually. During the first semester the middle and high returned to face-to-face instruction, with the high school utilizing the "A/B" model of attendance. For the second semester all schools returned to face-to-face regular schedules.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Chris Johnson, CGFM, Director of Financial Services at the Monroe County Board of Education, 25 Brooklyn Ave, Forsyth, GA 31029. You may also email your questions to chris.johnson@mcschools.org.



MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,437,856.58
Investments	93,188.81
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	1,635,111.53
State Government	2,778,458.00
Federal Government	1,679,572.59
Other	17,666.60
Inventories	38,569.75
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	6,691,629.31
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	 53,495,147.64
Total Assets	 79,867,200.81
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	13,080,019.75
Related to OPEB Plan	 8,556,999.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 21,637,018.75
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	572,249.05
Salaries and Benefits Payable	6,279,484.53
Payroll Withholdings Payable	252,532.28
Contracts Payable	446,122.43
Retainages Payable	192,997.40
Deposits and Unearned Revenues	50,042.44
Net Pension Liability	46,756,262.00
Net OPEB Liability	40,600,542.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	2,580,567.77
Due in More Than One Year	 5,575,000.00
Total Liabilities	 103,305,799.90
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plans	100,136.00
Related to OPEB Plan	 8,044,894.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 8,145,030.00
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	53,890,934.85
Restricted for	
Bus Replacement	231,660.00
Continuation of Federal Programs	38,569.75
Debt Service	1,860,403.44
Capital Projects	2,732,066.09
Permanent Funds	18,193.02
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 (68,718,437.49)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,946,610.34)

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					PR	OGRAM REVENUES	5		1	NET (EXPENSES)
		•				OPERATING		CAPITAL		REVENUES
				CHARGES FOR		GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND	Δ	ND CHANGES IN
		EXPENSES		SERVICES		CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
	_		-		•		•		_	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Instruction	\$	37,635,664.04	\$	269,299.03	\$	18,056,002.75	\$	622,129.43	\$	(18,688,232.83)
Support Services										
Pupil Services		1,809,098.87		-		176,686.23		-		(1,632,412.64)
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,666,580.75		-		643,511.13		-		(1,023,069.62)
Educational Media Services		783,477.29		-		577,834.00		-		(205,643.29)
General Administration		2,231,202.08		-		859,584.10		13,006.25		(1,358,611.73)
School Administration		2,772,332.80		_		1,741,758.48		-		(1,030,574.32)
Business Administration		606,788.62		-		4,000.00		818.57		(601,970.05)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		5,344,441.51		18,366.55		1,626,596.66		103,777.98		(3,595,700.32)
Student Transportation Services		4,375,278.70		-		981,701.98		386,100.00		(3,007,476.72)
Central Support Services		12,720.50		-		20.00		-		(12,700.50)
Other Support Services		11,185.77		_		_		_		(11,185.77)
Operations of Non-Instructional Services		.,,								(,,
Enterprise Operations		638,668.06		_		_		_		(638,668.06)
Food Services		2,434,934.18		82,874.97		1,976,240.21		1,093.71		(374,725.29)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		192,196.29		-		-		-		(192,196.29)
interest on Long Term Debt	-	132,130.23	-						_	(132,130.23)
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	60,514,569.46	\$_	370,540.55	\$	26,643,935.54	\$	1,126,925.94	_	(32,373,167.43)
	,	General Revenues								
		enerai kevenues Taxes	•							
		Property T								25 720 702 40
				nance and Operat	lor	ns .				25,729,783.49
		Other To		S						90,822.79
		Sales Taxe			_					
		-		pose Local Option	n S	ales lax				
				pital Projects						5,433,741.60
		Other S								510,310.57
		Investment E		ings						6,344.08
		Miscellaneou:							_	805,412.11
		Total	Ger	neral Revenues					_	32,576,414.64
		Chang	ge i	n Net Position						203,247.21
		Net Position	- Ве	eginning of Year					_	(10,149,857.55)
		Net Position	- Er	nd of Year					\$_	(9,946,610.34)

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	GENERAL FUND	 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND	c	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,262,784.00	\$ 6,174,005.14	\$	1,067.44	\$	- \$	-, - ,
Investments		74,995.79	-		-		18,193.02	93,188.81
Accounts Receivable, Net								
Taxes		1,119,032.09	516,079.44		-		-	1,635,111.53
State Government		2,778,458.00	-		-		-	2,778,458.00
Federal Government		1,679,572.59	-		-		-	1,679,572.59
Other		17,666.60	-		-		-	17,666.60
Inventories	-	38,569.75	 -		-		-	38,569.75
Total Assets	\$_	12,971,078.82	\$ 6,690,084.58	\$	1,067.44	\$	18,193.02	19,680,423.86
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$	444,779.16	\$ 127,469.89	\$	-	\$	- \$	572,249.05
Salaries and Benefits Payable		6,279,484.53	-		-		-	6,279,484.53
Payroll Withholdings Payable		252,532.28	-		-		-	252,532.28
Contracts Payable		-	446,122.43		-		-	446,122.43
Retainages Payable		-	192,997.40		-		-	192,997.40
Deposits and Unearned Revenues		50,042.44	-		-		-	50,042.44
Total Liabilities	-	7,026,838.41	 766,589.72	-	-		-	7,793,428.13
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	697,937.29	 -		-			697,937.29
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		38,569.75	-		-		10,000.00	48,569.75
Restricted		231,660.00	5,923,494.86		1,067.44		8,193.02	6,164,415.32
Assigned		337,421.76	-		-		-	337,421.76
Unassigned		4,638,651.61	-		-		-	4,638,651.61
Total Fund Balances	-	5,246,303.12	 5,923,494.86		1,067.44		18,193.02	11,189,058.44
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	12,971,078.82	\$ 6,690,084.58	\$	1,067.44	\$	18,193.02	19,680,423.86

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "C")

\$ 11,189,058.44

60,186,776.95

(8,155,567.77)

12,979,883.75

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$ 3,165,429.20
Construction in progress	3,526,200.11
Buildings and improvements	79,419,888.78
Equipment	9,819,651.79
Land improvements	7,562,786.11
Accumulated depreciation	(43,307,179.04)

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,

therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	\$ (46,756,262.00)	
Net OPEB liability	(40,600,542.00)	(87,356,804.00)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Related to pensions

Related to OPEB	512,105.00	13,491,988.75

Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. 697,937.29

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds payable \$ (7.360,000,00)

bolius payable	4	(7,300,000.00)	
Installment sales agreement payable		(683,372.73)	
Lease liability payable	-	(112,195.04)	

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "A") \$ (9,946,610.34)

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		GENERAL FUND	=	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL FUND	TOTAL
<u>REVENUES</u>									
Property Taxes	\$	25,756,990.97	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	25,756,990.97
Sales Taxes		510,310.57		5,673,433.82		-		-	6,183,744.39
State Funds		21,061,488.39		740,825.94		-		-	21,802,314.33
Federal Funds		5,998,680.05		-		-		-	5,998,680.05
Charges for Services		370,540.55		-		-		-	370,540.55
Investment Earnings		1,723.87		4,617.80		2.41		-	6,344.08
Miscellaneous		796,008.21		9,403.90		-		-	805,412.11
Total Revenues		54,495,742.61	-	6,428,281.46	-	2.41	_	-	60,924,026.48
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction		33,095,910.27		149,545.81		-		-	33,245,456.08
Support Services									
Pupil Services		1,689,457.57		-		-		-	1,689,457.57
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,549,891.55		-		-		-	1,549,891.55
Educational Media Services		724,002.32		-		-		-	724,002.32
General Administration		1,313,138.66		655,921.91		-		-	1,969,060.57
School Administration		2,551,817.49		-		-		-	2,551,817.49
Business Administration		535,558.64		9,924.76		15.00		-	545,498.40
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		4,600,325.64		374,541.63		-		-	4,974,867.27
Student Transportation Services		3,759,925.58		578,421.22		-		-	4,338,346.80
Central Support Services		12,720.50		-		-		-	12,720.50
Other Support Services		11,185.77		-		-		-	11,185.77
Enterprise Operations		638,668.06		-		-		-	638,668.06
Food Services Operation		2,367,544.09		-		-		-	2,367,544.09
Capital Outlay		-		4,063,554.37		-		-	4,063,554.37
Debt Services									
Principal		-		453,111.41		1,750,000.00		-	2,203,111.41
Interest		-		25,849.29	_	166,347.00			192,196.29
Total Expenditures		52,850,146.14		6,310,870.40		1,916,362.00			61,077,378.54
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		1,645,596.47	_	117,411.06		(1,916,359.59)			(153,352.06)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		-		-		1,916,347.00		-	1,916,347.00
Transfers Out		-		(1,916,347.00)	_	-			(1,916,347.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		_	(1,916,347.00)	-	1,916,347.00		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,645,596.47		(1,798,935.94)		(12.59)		-	(153,352.06)
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	3,600,706.65	-	7,722,430.80		1,080.03		18,193.02	11,342,410.50
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,246,303.12	\$	5,923,494.86	\$	1,067.44	\$	18,193.02 \$	11,189,058.44

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (Exhibit "E")	\$	(153,352.06)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay \$ 4,529,584.37		
Depreciation expense (2,662,724.96)	_	1,866,859.41
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(176,076.91)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt		
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds		
report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the		
carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when		
debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement		
of Activities.		
Bond principal retirements \$ 1,750,000.00		
Installment sales agreement payments 321,391.07		
Lease liability payments 131,720.34	_	2,203,111.41
District pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the		
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred		
outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported		
net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date.		
Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability		
adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related		
to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Pension expense \$ (2,811,774.64)		
OPEB expense (725,520.00)	_	(3,537,294.64)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")	\$	203,247.21

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

EXHIBIT "G"

	 PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 97,497.54
NET POSITION Restricted Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ 97,497.54

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDCUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS
<u>ADDITIONS</u>	
Investment Earnings	
Interest	\$ 123.64
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships	
Change in Net Position	123.64
Net Position - Beginning	 97,373.90
Net Position - Ending	\$ 97,497.54

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Monroe County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by
 management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), bond proceeds and grants from Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- The debt service fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned including taxes (sales) legally restricted for the payment of general longterm principal and interest.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the nonmajor governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Private purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly
reported elsewhere, in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or
other governments.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are

levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying transaction (sale) takes place. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers certain revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2021, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that majority equity interest in a legal separate organization should be reported as an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the School District's financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

Investments

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Inventories

Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Estimated
		Policy	Useful Life
Land		All	N/A
Land Improvements		All	15 years
Buildings	\$	25,000.00	40 years
Portable Buildings	\$	25,000.00	10 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	25,000.00	20 to 40 years
Equipment, excluding vehicles	\$	25,000.00	5 to 15 years
Buses	\$	25,000.00	8 to 14 years
Vehicles	\$	25,000.00	5 to 10 years
Intangible Assets	\$	25,000.00	5 to 50 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the School District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the School District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Post-Employment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The Monroe County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2020 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 21, 2020 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2020. Taxes were due on December 21, 2020 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2020 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2021. The Monroe County Tax Commissioner bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.50% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$23,567,179.01.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2020 tax digest year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations

15.546 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$2,189,811.96 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Sales Taxes

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$5,673,433.82 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general, debt service, and capital projects funds. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts, is prepared and adopted by fund, function and object. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Collateralization of Deposits

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

Categorization of Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2021, School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$5,279,331.95, and a bank balance of \$6,066,639.46. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$644,389.21 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the School District's name were \$164,706.81.

At June 30, 2021, \$5,257,543.44 of the School District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized \$
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution
Uninsured with collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the School District's name 5,257,543.44

Total \$ 5,257,543.44

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents balances to carrying value of deposits:

Cash and cash equivalents		
Statement of Net Position	\$	13,437,856.58
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		97,497.54
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	13,535,354.12
Add: Deposits with original maturity of three months or more reported as investments		93,188.81
Less: Cash on hand Investment pools reported as cash and cash equivalents		270.00
Georgia Fund 1	_	8,348,940.98
Total carrying value of deposits - June 30, 2021	\$	5,279,331.95

Categorization of Cash Equivalents

The School District reported cash equivalents of \$8,348,940.98 in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool, which is included in the cash balances above. Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share, which approximates fair value. The pool is an AAAf rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2021 was 36 days.

Georgia Fund 1, administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the School District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer for the Georgia Fund 1, does not

provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

	_	Balances July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balances June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,						
Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$	3,165,429.20 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	3,165,429.20
Construction in Progress	_	1,688,074.76	4,020,265.87	36,282.50	(2,145,858.02)	3,526,200.11
Total Capital Assets						
Not Being Depreciated	_	4,853,503.96	4,020,265.87	36,282.50	(2,145,858.02)	6,691,629.31
Capital Assets,						
Being Depreciated:						
Buildings and Improvements		77,993,245.29	-	-	1,426,643.49	79,419,888.78
Equipment		9,274,050.79	545,601.00	-	-	9,819,651.79
Land Improvements		6,843,571.58	-	-	719,214.53	7,562,786.11
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings and Improvements		30,451,151.62	1,879,404.95	-	-	32,330,556.57
Equipment		6,525,184.17	535,591.77	-	-	7,060,775.94
Land Improvements	_	3,668,118.29	247,728.24			3,915,846.53
Total Capital Assets						
Being Depreciated, Net	_	53,466,413.58	(2,117,123.96)		2,145,858.02	53,495,147.64
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets - Net	\$ _	58,319,917.54 \$	1,903,141.91 \$	36,282.50 \$	- \$	60,186,776.95

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	1,885,663.80
Support Services			
General Administration	\$ 39,421.71		
Business Administration	2,481.08		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	314,549.30		
Student Transportation Services	417,294.06		773,746.15
Food Services			3,315.01
		_	
		\$	2,662,724.96

NOTE 6: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

		Transfers From			
		Capital Projects			
Transfers to		Fund			
	_				
Debt Service Fund	\$	1,916,347.00			

Transfers are used to move Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax collected in the capital projects fund as needed for repayment of bond debt principal and interest.

NOTE 7: SHORT-TERM DEBT

The School District issues tax anticipation notes in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds in its general fund. This short-term debt is to provide cash for operations until property tax collections are received by the School District. Article IX, Section V, Paragraph V of the Constitution of the State of Georgia limits the aggregate amount of short-term debt to 75% of the total gross income from taxes collected in the preceding year and requires all short-term debt to be repaid no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the debt was incurred.

Short-term debt activity for the fiscal year is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance
Tax Anticipation Notes	\$ -	\$ 5,500,000.00	\$ 5,500,000.00	\$

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities were as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
	_	Balance July 1, 2020	,	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2021		Due Within One Year
General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds Installment Sales Agreement Capital Leases	\$	9,110,000.00 1,004,763.80 243,915.38	\$	- - -	\$	1,750,000.00 321,391.07 131,720.34	\$	7,360,000.00 683,372.73 112,195.04	\$	1,785,000.00 683,372.73 112,195.04
	\$_	10,358,679.18	\$	-	\$	2,203,111.41	\$	8,155,567.77	\$	2,580,567.77

General Obligation Debt Outstanding

The School District's bonded debt consists of general obligation bonds that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. The School District repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved sales taxes. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

The School District had no unused line of credit or outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities as of June 30, 2021. In the event the entity is unable to make the principal and interest payments using proceeds from the Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), the debt will be satisfied from a direct annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the School District. Additional security is provided by the State of Georgia Intercept Program which allows for state appropriations entitled to the School District to be transferred to the Debt Service Account Custodian for the payment of debt.

Of the total amount originally authorized, \$2,890,000.00 remains unissued. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest					Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued		Outstanding
<u> </u>					_	_
General Government - Series 2019	2.02%	3/26/2019	8/1/2024 \$	9,110,000.00	\$	7,360,000.00

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the School District's total general obligation bonds payable:

		General Obligation Debt					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest			
	_			_			
2022	\$	1,785,000.00	\$	127,943.50			
2023		1,820,000.00		94,233.00			
2024		1,860,000.00		57,065.00			
2025		1,895,000.00		19,139.50			
	_		_				
Total Principal and Interest	\$	7,360,000.00	\$	298,381.00			

Installment Sales Agreement

The Monroe County Board of Education entered into an agreement dated October 31, 2016, with the Georgia Municipal Association, Inc. for the acquisition of land as well as financing for the parking lot at the Fine Arts Center with a total of \$1,600,000.00. Under the terms of agreement, the School District will purchase the project by making monthly payments through October 30, 2026. The School District paid the installment sales agreement off early in fiscal year 2022.

The School District's outstanding installment sales agreement related to governmental activities contains a provision that in the event of default, the lessor will take possession of the land and parking lot.

The debt currently outstanding, associated with this agreement is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Installment Sales Agreement	2.489%	10/31/2016	10/30/2026	\$ 1,600,000.00	\$ 683,372.73

The following is a schedule of total installment sales agreement payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal			Interest
2022	.	602 272 72		7 570 75
2022	\$	683,372.73	\$	7,579.75

Capital Leases

The School District has acquired technology equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest						Amount
Purpose	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	Amount Issued	_	Outstanding
Laptops	1.90%	6/21/2018	9/5/2021	\$_	443,250.00	\$_	112,195.04

The following is a schedule of total capital lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		 Interest
2022	\$	112,195.04	\$ 2,140.21

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; natural disasters; and unemployment compensation.

Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk Management Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on August 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, errors and omissions liability, cyber risk and property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer the Fund including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the Fund . The School District pays an annual contribution to the Fund for coverage. Reinsurance is provided to the Fund through agreements by the Fund with insurance companies

according to their specialty for property (including coverage for flood and earthquake), machinery breakdown, general liability, errors and omissions, crime, cyber risk and automobile risks. Reinsurance limits and retentions vary by line of coverage.

Workers' Compensation

Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust

The School District participates in the Georgia Education Workers' Compensation Trust (the Trust), a public entity risk pool organized on December 1, 1991, to develop, implement and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general workers' compensation insurance coverage. Specific excess of loss insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Trust with the Safety National Casualty Company to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Trust in excess of \$1.0 million loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided with limits of \$2.0 million. The Trust covers the first \$1.0 million of each Employers Liability claim with Safety National providing additional Employers Liability limits up to a \$2.0 million per occurrence maximum. Safety National Casualty Company also provides \$2.0 million in aggregate coverage to the Trust, attaching at 107% of the loss fund and based on the Fund's annual normal premium.

Unemployment Compensation

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

		Beginning		Claims and			
		of Year Changes in Claims			Claims	End of Year	
		Liability		Estimates Paid		Liability	
	_	_	-	_		_	
2020	\$	-	\$	4,057.00	\$	4,057.00	\$ -
2021	\$	-	\$	26,660.21	\$	26,660.21	\$ -

Surety Bond

The School District purchased a surety bond to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	 Amount
Superintendent	\$ 50,000.00

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2021:

Nonspendable				
Inventories	\$	38,569.75		
Permanent Funds Principal		10,000.00	\$	48,569.75
Restricted	·		=	
Bus Replacement	\$	231,660.00		
Capital Projects		4,064,158.86		
Debt Service		1,860,403.44		
Permanent Funds		8,193.02		6,164,415.32
Assigned			-	
School Activity Accounts				337,421.76
Unassigned				4,638,651.61
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021			\$	11,189,058.44

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for an expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

It is the goal of the School District to achieve and maintain a committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 4% of budgeted expenditures, not to exceed 15% of the total budget of the subsequent fiscal year, in compliance with O.C.G.A. § 20-2-167(a)5. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the School District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Commitments Under Construction Contracts

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2021, together with funding available:

		Unearned		Payments		Funding		
		Executed	through			Available		
Project		Contracts (1)		June 30, 2021 (2)	_	From State (1)		
Project Number: 21-702-001	\$	632,960.46	\$	3,451,987.54	\$	244,765.06		

- (1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.
- (2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year end.

Operating Leases

The School District leases copiers under the provisions of one or more long-term lease agreements classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Rental expenditures under the terms of the operating leases totaled \$51,176.64 for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. The following future minimum lease payments were required under operating leases at June 30, 2021:

	G	Governmental				
Year Ending		Activities				
2022	\$	48,147.22				
2023		26,719.05				
2024		6,927.76				
Total	\$	81,794.03				

NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal Grants

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

Litigation

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

NOTE 13: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund

Plan Description: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

Benefits Provided: The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the

same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$1,043,692.00 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported a liability of \$40,600,542.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2020, the School District's proportion was 0.276426%, which was an increase of 0.001950% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,769,213.00. At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	ОРЕВ					
		Deferred		Deferred			
		Outflows of		Inflows of			
		Resources		Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	4,432,319.00			
Changes of assumptions		6,714,428.00		3,612,575.00			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		105,820.00		-			
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		693,059.00		-			
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,043,692.00	_				
Total	\$_	8,556,999.00	\$	8,044,894.00			

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	OPEB			
2022	\$	(650,492.00)		
2023	\$	(653,332.00)		
2024	\$	(435,317.00)		
2025	\$	210,407.00		
2026	\$	739,305.00		
Thereafter	\$	257.842.00		

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020:

OPEB:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% - 8.75%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.00%
Medicare Eligible	5.25%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Medicare Eligible	4.50%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2029
Medicare Eligible	2023

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2019 projection scale (set forward one year and adjusted 106%) is used for death prior to retirement and for service retirements and beneficiaries. The Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees projected generationally with MP-2019 Projection scale (set forward one year and adjusted 106%) is used for disability retirements. For both, rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB. There is a margin for future morality improvement in the tables used by the plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2018, with the exception of the assumed annual rate of inflation which was changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, effective with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.50%
Equities	70.00%	9.20%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Net of Inflation

Discount Rate: In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB, a single equivalent interest rate of 2.22% was used as the discount rate, as compared with last year's rate of 3.58%. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (2.21% per the Municipal Bond Index Rate). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 2.22%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.22%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.22%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.22%)		Current Discount Rate (2.22%)	1% Increase (3.22%)
School District's proportionate				
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$	47,698,938.00	\$ 40,600,542.00	\$ 34,923,807.00

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers, as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare						
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase					
School District's proportionate								
share of the Net OPEB liability	\$ 33,804,032.00	\$ 40,600,542.00	\$ 49,400,048.00					

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which is publicly available at https://sao.georgia.gov/statewide-reporting/acfr.

NOTE 14: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS)

Plan Description: All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by O.C.G.A §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided: TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired on the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2021. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 19.06% of annual School District payroll, of which 18.99% of

payroll was required from the School District and 0.07% of payroll was required from the State. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$4,964,007.89 and \$18,186.90 from the School District and the State, respectively.

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description: The Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Employees under the old plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are new plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the old plan, the new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Contributions: Member contributions under the old plan are 4.00% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200.00, plus 6.00% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200.00. Under the old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The School District's total required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 24.66% of annual covered payroll for old plan members of which 19.91% was required from the School District and 4.75% was contributed on behalf of the School District by the state. Additionally, the School District's total required contribution rate was 24.66% for new plan members and 21.57% for GSEPS members. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions to the pension plan were \$5,395.86 for the current fiscal year.

Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)

Plan Description: PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

Benefits Provided: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.50, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

Contributions: The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$138,536.00.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported a liability of \$46,756,262.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS (\$46,608,022.00) and ERS (\$148,240.00).

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the School District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability

State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District 148,493.00

Total \$ 46,756,515.00

\$ 46,608,022.00

The net pension liability for TRS and ERS was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS and ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2020, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.192405%, which was an increase of 0.000712% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2020, the School District's ERS proportion was 0.003517%, which was an increase of 0.000201% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2021, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$756,994.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District recognized pension expense of \$7,726,299.71 for TRS, \$29,135.68 for ERS and \$152,333.00 for PSERS and revenue of (\$25,743.00) for TRS and \$152,333.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel.

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	TRS				ERS			
	•	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources		Resources		Resources	_	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,029,794.00	\$	-	\$	1,806.00	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		4,800,680.00		-		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,122,562.00		-		2,094.00		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		147,735.00		100,136.00		5,945.00		-	
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	•	4,964,007.89		-		5,395.86	_		
Total	\$	13,064,778.89	\$	100,136.00	\$	15,240.86	\$_	_	

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS and for ERS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 TRS	_	ERS
		· · ·	
2022	\$ 1,642,738.00	\$	2,835.00
2023	\$ 2,616,247.00	\$	2,748.00
2024	\$ 2,650,367.00	\$	2,430.00
2025	\$ 1,091,283.00	\$	1,832.00

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.00% - 8.75%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates for service retirements and beneficiaries were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. Post-retirement mortality rates for disability retirements were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees (ages set forward one year and adjusted 106%) with the MP-2019 Projection scale applied generationally. The rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate. The Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table with ages set forward one year and adjusted 106% as used for death prior to retirement. Future improvement in mortality rates was assumed using the MP-2019 projection scale generationally. These rates of improvement were reduced by 20% for all years prior to the ultimate rate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018.

Employees' Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25% - 7.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward 2 years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-12% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for service retirements and beneficiaries and for disability retirements. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014, with the exception of the assumed investment rate of return.

Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Post-retirement benefit increases 1.50% semi-annually

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014, with the exception of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	ERS/PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.10)%
Domestic large equities	51.00%	46.20%	8.90%
Domestic small equities	1.50%	1.30%	13.20%
International developed market equities	12.40%	12.40%	8.90%
International emerging market equities	5.10%	5.10%	10.90%
Alternative		5.00%	12.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

^{*} Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation with the exception of TRS, which assumed a rate of 2.50% rate of inflation.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure the total ERS and PSERS pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS, ERS and PSERS pension plans' fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% and 7.30%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25% and 6.30%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25% and 8.30%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
Teachers Retirement System:	_	(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	ф —	72,000,106,00	ď	46 600 022 00	·	24 220 006 00
the het pension hability	\$	73,909,196.00	Þ	46,608,022.00	Þ	24,228,886.00
		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
Employees' Retirement System:		(6.30%)		(7.30%)		(8.30%)
School District's proportionate share of					_	
the net pension liability	\$	208,548.00	\$	148,240.00	\$	96,775.00

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS, ERS and PSERS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications and http://www.ers.ga.gov/financials.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 14, 2021 the Monroe County Board of Education voted to issue a \$6,000,000.00 tax anticipation note with a due date of December 31, 2021.



MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

	School District's			e of Georgia's oportionate					School District's proportionate share of the	Plan fiduciary net position as a
For the	proportion		sha	re of the NPL					NPL as a	percentage
Year	of the	School District's	ass	sociated with					percentage of	of the total
Ended	Net Pension	proportionate	1	the School			S	chool District's	its covered	pension
June 30	Liability (NPL)	share of the NPL		District		Total	C	overed payroll	payroll	liability
2021	0.192405%	\$ 46,608,022.00	\$	148,493.00	\$	46,756,515.00	\$	24,891,484.71	187.24%	77.01%
2020	0.191693%	\$ 41,219,178.00	\$	159,120.00	\$	41,378,298.00	\$	23,490,186.66	175.47%	78.56%
2019	0.192220%	\$ 35,680,149.00	\$	139,402.00	\$	35,819,551.00	\$	22,984,172.62	155.24%	80.27%
2018	0.191634%	\$ 35,615,769.00	\$	251,459.00	\$	35,867,228.00	\$	22,175,353.84	160.61%	79.33%
2017	0.192562%	\$ 39,727,688.00	\$	496,385.00	\$ 4	40,224,073.00	\$	21,393,966.39	185.70%	76.06%
2016	0.194108%	\$ 29,551,016.00	\$	292,453.00	\$	29,843,469.00	\$	20,821,711.00	141.92%	81.44%
2015	0.198660%	\$ 25,098,071.00	\$	323,928.00	\$	25,421,999.00	\$	20,678,210.00	121.37%	84.03%

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	ractually required contribution	Contributions in relation uired to the contractually required contribution		Contrib	oution deficiency (excess)	chool District's overed payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2021	\$ 4,964,007.89	\$	4,964,007.89	\$	-	\$ 26,137,343.55	18.99%
2020	\$ 5,245,228.71	\$	5,245,228.71	\$	-	\$ 24,891,484.71	21.07%
2019	\$ 4,888,974.76	\$	4,888,974.76	\$	-	\$ 23,490,186.66	20.81%
2018	\$ 3,848,600.70	\$	3,848,600.70	\$	-	\$ 22,984,172.62	16.74%
2017	\$ 3,139,455.22	\$	3,139,455.22	\$	-	\$ 22,175,353.84	14.16%
2016	\$ 3,013,891.51	\$	3,013,891.51	\$	-	\$ 21,393,966.39	14.09%
2015 (1)	\$ 2,738,055.10	\$	2,738,055.10	\$	-	\$ 20,821,711.00	13.15%
2014 (1)	\$ 2,539,284.15	\$	2,539,284.15	\$	-	\$ 20,678,210.00	12.28%
2013 (1)	\$ 2,372,775.35	\$	2,372,775.35	\$	-	\$ 20,795,577.00	11.41%
2012 (1)	\$ 2,149,563.22	\$	2,149,563.22	\$	-	\$ 20,910,148.05	10.28%

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

For the Year Ended June 30	School District's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	_	school District's opportionate share of the NPL	 chool District's overed payroll	School District's proportionate share of the NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability
2021	0.003517%	\$	148,240.00	\$ 88,680.96	167.16%	76.21%
2020	0.003316%	\$	136,836.00	\$ 83,592.00	163.70%	76.74%
2019	0.003197%	\$	131,430.00	\$ 81,552.96	161.16%	76.68%
2018	0.000000%	\$	129,150.00	\$ 78,003.96	165.57%	76.33%
2017	0.000000%	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	72.34%
2016	0.000349%	\$	14,139.00	\$ 7,984.46	177.08%	76.20%
2015	0.002270%	\$	85,139.00	\$ 47,990.46	177.41%	77.99%

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

			Contr	ibutions in relation					Contribution as a	
For the Year	Cont	ractually required	to t	he contractually	Contril	oution deficiency	Sch	ool District's	percentage of	
Ended June 30		contribution	required contribution		(excess)		covered payroll		covered payroll	
		_								
2021	\$	5,395.86	\$	5,395.86	\$	-	\$	21,881.07	24.66%	
2020	\$	21,868.68	\$	21,868.68	\$	-	\$	88,680.96	24.66%	
2019	\$	20,714.04	\$	20,714.04	\$	-	\$	83,592.00	24.78%	
2018	\$	20,233.32	\$	20,233.32	\$	-	\$	81,552.96	24.81%	
2017	\$	19,352.76	\$	19,352.76	\$	-	\$	78,003.96	24.81%	
2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.00%	
2015	\$	1,753.44	\$	1,753.44	\$	-	\$	7,984.46	21.96%	

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

	School								School District's	
	District's			Stat	e of Georgia's				proportionate	Plan fiduciary
For the	proportion of			pı	roportionate				share of the NPL	net position as
Year	the Net	Schoo	ol District's	sha	ire of the NPL				as a percentage	a percentage
Ended	Pension	prop	ortionate	ass	sociated with		Sc	chool District's	of its covered	of the total
June 30	Liability (NPL)	share	of the NPL	the	School District	Total	cc	overed payroll	payroll	pension liability
					,					
2021	0.00%	\$	-	\$	756,994.00	\$ 756,994.00	\$	1,611,307.11	N/A	84.45%
2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	739,659.00	\$ 739,659.00	\$	1,569,727.12	N/A	85.02%
2019	0.00%	\$	-	\$	723,381.00	\$ 723,381.00	\$	1,446,184.38	N/A	85.26%
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	657,570.00	\$ 657,570.00	\$	1,234,909.83	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	854,291.00	\$ 854,291.00	\$	1,332,623.23	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	520,150.00	\$ 520,150.00	\$	1,369,387.64	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	458,285.00	\$ 458,285.00	\$	2,064,334.96	N/A	88.29%

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND

			State of Georgia's			School District's proportionate			
			proportionate			share of the	Plan fiduciary		
	School		share of the		NOL as a net pos				
For the	District's		NOL			percentage of	as a		
Year	proportion of	School District's	associated		School District's	its covered-	percentage		
Ended	the Net OPEB	proportionate	with the		covered-	employee	of the total		
June 30	Liability (NOL)	share of the NOL	School District	Total	employee payroll	payroll	OPEB liability		
2021	0.276426%	\$ 40,600,542.00	\$ -	\$ 40,600,542.00	\$ 23,743,399.44	171.00%	3.99%		
2020	0.274476%	\$ 33,684,094.00	\$ -	\$ 33,684,094.00	\$ 22,693,079.89	148.43%	4.63%		
2019	0.270680%	\$ 34,402,597.00	\$ -	\$ 34,402,597.00	\$ 20,647,717.12	166.62%	2.93%		
2018	0.270494%	\$ 38,004,298.00	\$ -	\$ 38,004,298.00	\$ 21,690,661.74	175.21%	1.61%		

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND

									Contribution as a
			Contr	ibutions in relation			S	chool District's	percentage of
For the Year	Con	tractually required	to t	the contractually	Con	tribution deficiency	co	vered-employee	covered-employee
Ended June 30		contribution	requ	ired contribution	(excess)		payroll		payroll
2021	\$	1,043,692.00	\$	1,043,692.00	\$	-	\$	25,506,206.75	4.09%
2020	\$	934,807.00	\$	934,807.00	\$	-	\$	23,743,399.44	3.94%
2019	\$	1,478,242.00	\$	1,478,242.00	\$	-	\$	22,693,079.89	6.51%
2018	\$	1,402,911.00	\$	1,402,911.00	\$	-	\$	20,647,717.12	6.79%
2017	\$	1,410,380.00	\$	1,410,380.00	\$	-	\$	21,690,661.74	6.50%

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Teachers Retirement System

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

On May 15, 2019, the Board adopted recommended changes from the smoothed valuation interest rate methodology that has been in effect since June 30, 2009, to a constant interest rate method. In conjunction with the methodology, the long-term assumed rate of return in assets (discount rate) has been changed from 7.50% to 7.25%, and the assumed annual rate of inflation has been reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

In 2019 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Teacher Headcount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table from the RP-2000 Mortality Tables. In 2019, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after July 1, 2009. A one-time 3% payment was granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2016, and a one-time 3% payment was granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2017. Two one-time 2% payments were granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2018 and January 2019. Two one-time 3% payments were granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2019 and January 2020.

Changes of assumptions: On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal and salary increases.

On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The assumed investment rate of return remained at 7.30% for the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Public School Employees Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms: The member contribution rate was increased from \$4.00 to \$10.00 per month for members joining the System on or after July 1, 2012. The monthly benefit accrual rate was increased from \$14.75 to \$15.00 per year of credible service effective July 1, 2017. The monthly benefit accrual was increased from \$15.00 to \$15.25 per year of credible service effective July 1, 2018. The monthly benefit accrual was increased from \$15.25 to \$15.50 per year of credible service effective July 1, 2019. A 2% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2016, another July 2017, and another July 2018. Two 1.5% COLAs were granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2019 and January 2020.

Changes of assumptions: In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The assumed investment rate of return remained at 7.30% for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

School OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions: The June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was revised, for various factors, including the methodology used to determine how employees and retirees were assigned to each of the OPEB Funds and anticipated participation percentages. Current and former employees of State organizations (including technical colleges, community service boards and public health departments) are now assigned to State OPEB fund based on their last employer payroll location; irrespective of retirement affiliation.

The June 30, 2019 decremental valuation were changed to reflect the Teachers Retirement Systems experience study.

The discount rate was updated from 3.07% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.58% as of June 30, 2017 to 3.87% as of June 30, 2018, to 3.58% as of June 30, 2019, and to 2.22% as of June 30, 2020.

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	NONAPPROPRIA	TED BUDGETS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL (1)	FINAL (1)	AMOUNTS	OVER/UNDER
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 24,258,612.00 \$	24,258,612.00	\$ 25,756,990.97 \$	1,498,378.97
Sales Taxes	300,000.00	300,000.00	510,310.57	210,310.57
State Funds	19,336,937.00	19,386,794.00	21,061,488.39	1,674,694.39
Federal Funds	137,528.00	5,204,867.00	5,998,680.05	793,813.05
Charges for Services	16,000.00	137,000.00	370,540.55	233,540.55
Investment Earnings	50,000.00	50,000.00	1,723.87	(48,276.13)
Miscellaneous	425,000.00	425,000.00	796,008.21	371,008.21
Total Revenues	44,524,077.00	49,762,273.00	54,495,742.61	4,733,469.61
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	29,948,016.00	33,532,348.03	33,095,910.27	436,437.76
Support Services				
Pupil Services	1,481,556.00	1,607,000.45	1,689,457.57	(82,457.12)
Improvement of Instructional Services	1,070,560.00	1,598,091.84	1,549,891.55	48,200.29
Educational Media Services	733,204.00	736,211.77	724,002.32	12,209.45
General Administration	1,252,210.00	1,300,684.00	1,313,138.66	(12,454.66)
School Administration	2,454,871.00	3,075,329.91	2,551,817.49	523,512.42
Business Administration	487,096.00	491,154.00	535,558.64	(44,404.64)
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	4,055,522.00	4,305,305.00	4,600,325.64	(295,020.64)
Student Transportation Services	3,678,573.00	3,881,963.00	3,759,925.58	122,037.42
Central Support Services	12,850.00	14,850.00	12,720.50	2,129.50
Other Support Services	-	-	11,185.77	(11,185.77)
Enterprise Operations	-	-	638,668.06	(638,668.06)
Food Services Operation	-	3,041,621.00	2,367,544.09	674,076.91
Total Expenditures	45,174,458.00	53,584,559.00	52,850,146.14	734,412.86
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(650,381.00)	(3,822,286.00)	1,645,596.47	5,467,882.47
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)				
Other Sources	53,128.00	53,128.00	-	(53,128.00)
Other Uses	(53,128.00)	(53,128.00)	-	53,128.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(650,381.00)	(3,822,286.00)	1,645,596.47	5,467,882.47
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,618,899.67	3,618,899.67	3,600,706.65	(18,193.02)
Adjustments	17,499.58	(67,817.59)		67,817.59
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,986,018.25 \$	(271,203.92)	\$ 5,246,303.12	5,517,507.04

Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the budgeted revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts are \$547,405.64 and \$587,465.49, respectively.

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		PASS- THROUGH	
	ASSISTANCE	ENTITY	
FUNDING AGENCY	LISTING	ID	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	215GA324N1199	\$ 431,868.34
National School Lunch Program	10.555	215GA324N1199	1,475,095.23
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,906,963.57
Othor Programs			
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education Food Services			
Warehouse Storage and Delivery Reimbursement	10.560	205GA904N2533	2,577.26
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	205GA904N2533	46,977.49
Total Other Programs			49,554.75
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,956,518.32
Education, U. S. Department of			
Education Stabilization Fund			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	S425D200012	2,265,641.72
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A190073	182,679.00
Grants to States	84.027A	H027A200074	633,291.05
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A190081	651.00
Preschool Grants	84.173A	H173A200081	30,800.00
Total Special Education Cluster			847,421.05
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048A	V048A200010	49,212.00
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	S367A200001	116,822.96
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A190010	22,064.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	S010A200010	754,422.86
Total Other Programs			942,521.82
Total U. S. Department of Education			4,055,584.59
Defense, U. S. Department of			
Direct			
Department of the Army			
R.O.T.C. Program	12. UNKNOWN		69,452.11
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		9	6,081,555.02

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Monroe County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		GOVERNMENT	AL FUND TYPES	
	_	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	
NCY/FUNDING		FUND	FUND	TOTAL
GRANTS	_			
Bright From the Start:				
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning				
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	835,624.75	- \$	835,624.75
Education, Georgia Department of				
Quality Basic Education				
Direct Instructional Cost				
Kindergarten Program		1,049,716.00	-	1,049,716.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		256,378.00	-	256,378.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		2,625,615.00	-	2,625,615.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		367,585.00	-	367,585.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		1,264,863.00	-	1,264,863.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		308,687.00	-	308,687.00
Middle School (6-8) Program		2,166,889.00	_	2,166,889.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program		2,205,170.00	_	2,205,170.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		734,405.00	_	734,405.00
Students with Disabilities		3,438,294.00	_	3,438,294.00
Gifted Student - Category VI		1,482,409.00		1,482,409.00
Remedial Education Program		111,220.00		111,220.00
Alternative Education Program		168,603.00	-	•
5		· ·	_	168,603.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		50,345.00	-	50,345.00
Media Center Program		418,067.00	-	418,067.00
20 Days Additional Instruction		124,286.00	-	124,286.00
Staff and Professional Development		73,070.00	-	73,070.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development		1,210.00	-	1,210.00
Indirect Cost				500 0 10 00
Central Administration		588,040.00	-	588,040.00
School Administration		810,184.00	-	810,184.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations		866,299.00	-	866,299.00
Amended Formula Adjustment		(618,302.00)	=	(618,302.00
Categorical Grants				
Pupil Transportation				
Regular		662,327.00	-	662,327.00
Bus Replacement		231,660.00	-	231,660.00
Nursing Services		82,126.00	-	82,126.00
Other State Programs				
Food Services		52,752.00	-	52,752.00
Hygiene Products		1,677.00	-	1,677.00
Math and Science Supplements		78,922.00	-	78,922.00
Preschool Disability Services		81,609.00	-	81,609.00
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		154,440.00	-	154,440.00
Teachers Retirement		18,186.90	-	18,186.90
School Security Grant		145,306.74	-	145,306.74
Vocational Education		85,288.00	-	85,288.00
Georgia State Financing and Investment Commission				
Reimbursement on Construction Projects		_	740,825.94	740,825.94
Office of the State Treasurer			•	•
Public School Employees Retirement	_	138,536.00		138,536.00
	\$	21,061,488.39	\$ 740,825.94 \$	21,802,314.33

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PROJECT		ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
2019 SPLOST				
(i) Acquiring miscellaneous new equipment, fixtures and				
furnishings for the School System, including technology				
equipment, software and safety and security equipment;	\$	4,200,000.00 \$	4,200,000.00	April 2024
(ii) Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving and				
equipping existing school buildings and School System				
facilities;		1,550,000.00	1,577,831.27	April 2024
/*** A				
(iii) Acquiring band instruments and equipment, text				
books and library books for the School System, including		1 200 000 00	1200 000 00	A - 1 2024
electronic media;		1,200,000.00	1,200,000.00	April 2024
(iv) Acquiring school buses, vehicles, and transportation				
and maintenance equipment;		2,800,000.00	2,800,000.00	April 2024
(v) Constructing and equipping new school facilities,				
including instructional, fine arts and athletic facilities;		2,200,000.00	2,200,000.00	Amril 2024
including instructional, line arts and atmetic facilities,		2,200,000.00	2,200,000.00	April 2024
(vi) Acquiring land for future schools and facilities;		-	-	April 2024
(vii) Paying any general obligation debt of the School				
District issued in conjunction with the continuation of				
such sales and use tax including associated interest; and		12,000,000.00	12,000,000.00	April 2024
(viii) Paying expenses incidental to accomplishing the				
foregoing.		50,000.00	50,000.00	April 2024
	\$	24,000,000.00 \$	24,027,831.27	
	J.	2-7,000,000.00	24,027,031.27	

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PROJECT	-	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3)	. <u>-</u>	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3)	-	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	·	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED
2019 SPLOST (i) Acquiring miscellaneous new equipment, fixtures and furnishings for the School System, including technology equipment, software and safety and security equipment;	\$	799,513.04	\$	640,989.62	\$	-	\$	-
(ii) Adding to, renovating, repairing, improving and equipping existing school buildings and School System facilities;		678,513.04		899,318.23		-		-
(iii) Acquiring band instruments and equipment, text books and library books for the School System, including electronic media;		144,927.05		135,486.68		-		-
(iv) Acquiring school buses, vehicles, and transportation and maintenance equipment;		543,864.00		194,494.91		-		-
(v) Constructing and equipping new school facilities, including instructional, fine arts and athletic facilities;		3,655.00		-		-		-
(vi) Acquiring land for future schools and facilities;		-		-		-		-
(vii) Paying any general obligation debt of the School District issued in conjunction with the continuation of such sales and use tax including associated interest; and		2,259,347.00		2,667,144.34		-		-
(viii) Paying expenses incidental to accomplishing the foregoing.	-	12.30		-	•	<u>-</u>		-
	\$	4,429,831.43	\$	4,537,433.78	\$		\$	

⁽¹⁾ The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.

⁽²⁾ The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion.

⁽³⁾ The voters of Monroe County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt.

Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.

Section II

Compliance and Internal Control Reports



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Mike Hickman, Superintendent and Members of the
Monroe County Board of Education

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 1, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lug S. Lligg

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

August 1, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia
Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia
Members of the State Board of Education
and
Dr. Mike Hickman, Superintendent and Members of the
Monroe County Board of Education

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Monroe County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

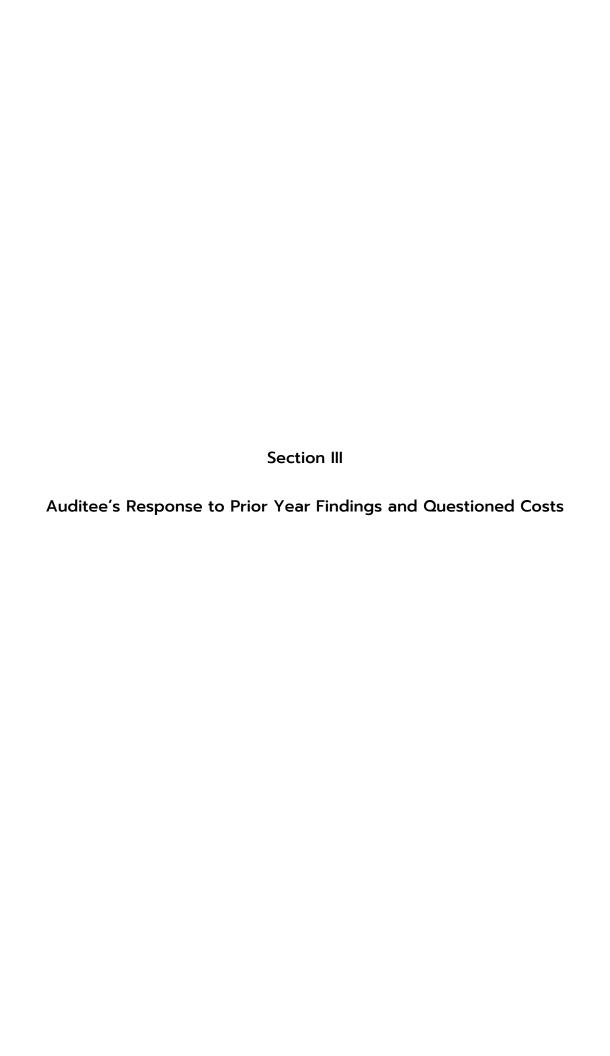
The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

They S. Lufy-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

August 1, 2022



MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Section IV

Findings and Questioned Costs

MONROE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund, and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

No None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

No

Federal Awards

Internal Control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

No None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

All major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number Assistance Listing Program or Cluster Title

84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster 84.425 Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.